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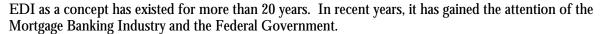
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1.0 Executive Summary

Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) is the application-to-application exchange of business documents in a standardized electronic format. EDI uses:

- Transaction sets as a standard format for the information being exchanged
- Translation software to format and edit the information
- Various telecommunication links to exchange the information



The Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) began its EDI program in the Fall of 1996. The goals of our EDI program are to simplify the reporting process for the issuer community and to increase our responsiveness to individual service needs and requests. The establishment of Ginnie Mae's EDI program is an essential step in moving toward industry-wide standards, which will "lessen the load" of each member of the issuer community.

1.1 Why Is Ginnie Mae Doing This?

The Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) industry continues to make changes that are helping to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of business processes. With the use of EDI, the standardization of investor reporting will provide lenders with a consistent way to report loan information across all secondary agencies. We began our EDI program to achieve the following benefits:

- Stay consistent with technological advancements and industry initiatives
- Realize efficiencies from the use of standardized data formats for loan level reporting
- Improve data quality, reduce costs, and increase the flexibility and ease with which we do business with the secondary market

1.2 What Is In It for You?

As a participant in Ginnie Mae's EDI program, you will be exchanging quarterly loan level reporting data electronically with Ginnie Mae, enabling your organization to experience a number of benefits:

- Quicker feedback on submission status and results
- Ability to identify errors in your data prior to submission
- Decreased mailing costs
- Reduced paper and physical media processing
- Increased efficiencies based on the use of the same transaction set for investor reporting with Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae, and Freddie Mac



Depending on the actual EDI solution your organization implements, you may realize additional benefits and savings over time. Also, as a part of our EDI program, you will become part of the movement toward industry-wide EDI participation.

1.3 How Will Ginnie Mae Support You?

Ginnie Mae is committed to providing support for all of its trading partners, as well as providing long-term support for issues and problems as they arise. Throughout the program, Ginnie Mae provides critical program support through a variety of communication means, including standard publications and Ginnie Mae's Website (www.ginniemae.gov).

Ginnie Mae has established a dedicated team that is responsible for handling all EDI-related issues. Among other customer service initiatives, an **EDI Hotline**: **1-888-GINNIE4 (Option 1)** exists, which is staffed by the Ginnie Mae EDI team. The purpose of the Hotline is to allow you to gather information about the EDI program and its requirements. Further guidance on calling the EDI Hotline is provided in Appendix E – Technical Support Guidelines.

1.4 EDI Fundamentals

Companies that exchange documents through the use of EDI are known as trading partners. Each trading partner must learn about and procure the specific hardware and software needed to become EDI-capable. EDI infrastructure requirements are discussed in Section 2 - EDI Fundamentals of this guide.

The business documents traded in EDI are referred to as transaction sets. Each transaction set is defined by the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). Within the ASC, there is an X12 subcommittee that is dedicated to EDI standards. Each transaction set is generally referred to by name and a three-digit number, which are both defined by the ASC X12. The two transaction sets that Ginnie Mae uses are the *203* and *997*. The *203* is the *Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report*, and the *997* is the *Functional Acknowledgment*. These transaction sets are further explained in Section 4 – Mapping.

One critical success factor for an EDI implementation is strict adherence to established EDI standards. The use of EDI standards is essential to ensure that the business document (transaction set) being exchanged can be interpreted and validated by trading partners. Before standards were widely adopted, the most difficult aspect of exchanging business documents with multiple trading partners was identifying the data. However, through the use of standards, each trading partner knows exactly what to expect.

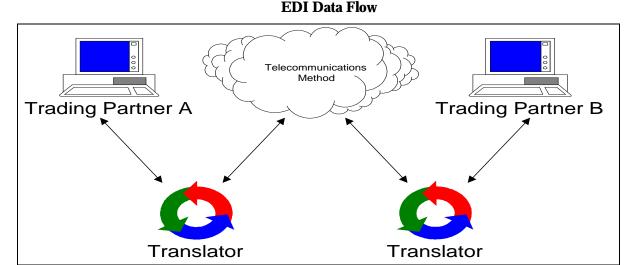
The EDI process begins when a business entity (Trading Partner A) chooses to electronically exchange data with another business entity (Trading Partner B). The first step in the process is to establish a communication link between the two trading partners. Once this is established, Trading Partner A will take its proprietary business data and translate it into the EDI standard format. This data will then be transmitted to Trading Partner B, who will translate it from EDI to its proprietary format. Typically, Trading Partner B will then send an acknowledgment to Trading Partner A to confirm the success or failure of the transmission and the acceptability of the transaction set syntax. Ginnie Mae currently supports the following telecommunications methods:

- Bulletin Board System (BBS)
- Value Added Network (VAN)
- World Wide Web (WEB)
- Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)

Each of these telecommunications options is explained in detail in Section 2 – EDI Fundamentals.

The typical EDI data flow includes two trading partners, two translation functions, and a telecommunications connection. All of the telecommunications listed above, and many others, may be used to complete the telecommunications connection between trading partners. A typical EDI data flow is depicted in Figure 1-1.

Figure 1-1



There are many possible options for creating an EDI infrastructure: From simple modem-to-modem connections using PC translators, to packet switching networks using large mainframe translators. The costs associated with different options can vary greatly. Complete EDI solutions exist for any business, from the smallest entity with a limited budget, to worldwide corporations with larger EDI budgets.

1.5 Impacts

As a new trading partner, you are probably wondering how Ginnie Mae's EDI program will impact your organization. There are a number of factors that will influence the effect EDI has on your entity, including current EDI capabilities, existing technology infrastructure, and data volume. Because your business needs are unique, the EDI solution you choose may also be unique. In other words, there is not one single EDI solution designed to meet the needs of every organization. Ginnie Mae's issuer community is very diverse. Some are currently EDI-capable, while others will be implementing this technology for the first time. The following paragraphs provide an overview of the requirements for reporting data using EDI. Specific business impacts of these requirements will depend entirely on your organization.

In order to participate in our EDI program, your data transmissions must adhere to the ASC X12 EDI Standards. Trading partners typically purchase a translation software package that converts their data from an internal proprietary format to the EDI standard format. Translation software packages will vary by price and capabilities. Again, the translation software that your organization uses will be based on both your needs and your plans for implementing other EDI transaction sets.

In addition to translation software, your organization must also decide on a telecommunications connection to transfer the data. There are many telecommunications options available to provide a connection.

Typically, there are two types of EDI implementation costs: Acquisition and recurring. As a Ginnie Mae trading partner, you are responsible for establishing an EDI infrastructure to support your needs. This may include purchasing equipment and configuring your EDI environment--both acquisitions costs--and maintaining your system once it is operational--a recurring cost.

In summary, the impacts of moving to an EDI environment are different for every organization. Finding the appropriate solution for your organization will take research and planning. For further information, please see Section 1.7, below.

1.6 Purpose of this Guide

The remainder of the *Ginnie Mae EDI Implementation Guide* addresses the technical details of Ginnie Mae's program, including an outline of the steps required to establish your environment to trade data with Ginnie Mae. The *Guide* is organized into the following components: EDI Fundamentals, Getting Started, Mapping, and Appendices.

Within Section 2 – EDI Fundamentals, you will find a technical overview of EDI including information about hardware, software, and telecommunications. In Section 3 – Getting Started, you will find the six-step process required to become EDI-capable for the Ginnie Mae EDI program. Section 4 – Mapping is a technical presentation of how to read an EDI map. In addition, this section provides Ginnie Mae's 203 and 997 transaction set maps and telecommunications envelope structures. Finally, the Appendices include a number of informational items and tools, such as an EDI Fact Sheet, Glossary, Ginnie Mae EDI Implementation Checklist, EDI System Agreement, Technical Support Guidelines, Trading Partner Profile, and Guidelines for the Implementation of the Ginnie Mae 203 Transaction Set.

1.7 Additional Implementation Resources

If you have any questions or concerns about your organization's EDI implementation, please call the EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.

Resources such as the World Wide Web, electronic commerce textbooks, periodicals, and electronic commerce vendors are valuable sources of information to assist you in making decisions for your organization. Ginnie Mae provides additional program information and resources through its Website (www.ginniemae.gov).

2.0 EDI Fundamentals

This section presents the technical specifications for Ginnie Mae's EDI program. Included is a technical overview of EDI, data flow diagrams, an illustration of EDI responsibilities, a detailed requirements analysis, and various tools to assist you in





becoming EDI-capable. The information found in this section will provide the detailed instructions necessary to submit ANSI ASC X12 transaction sets.

It is important to note that even if you are using a service bureau or third-party software provider to submit your quarterly loan level data, the ultimate responsibility for data quality and delivery remains yours. In addition, since EDI is intended to reinforce Ginnie Mae's reporting requirements, all data must be submitted in the correct format for your EDI submission to be accepted.

Throughout the process of becoming EDI-capable, you will encounter various terms, acronyms, and information that might be confusing. A glossary of common EDI terms is included in Appendix B - Glossary. To discuss issues or questions you may have about the EDI program, we have established an EDI Hotline: 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1. The EDI Hotline is staffed between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time by Ginnie Mae's EDI team.

2.1 Introduction to EDI

EDI is the application-to-application exchange of business documents in a standardized electronic format. As a Ginnie Mae trading partner, you must be able to translate data that resides in your loan processing system into a standard electronic format. Figure 2-1 provides a graphical overview of the EDI quarterly loan reporting process with Ginnie Mae.

In this section, we explore how you can expect EDI to impact and to benefit your business. More technical areas of EDI are explored:

- Standards
- Telecommunications
- Hardware
- Software

Each section provides both generic EDI and Ginnie Mae-specific EDI information.

Note: Some issuers may use service bureaus to perform the EDI translation and transmission functions. In those cases, the service bureau acts as the EDI system and telecommunications "method."

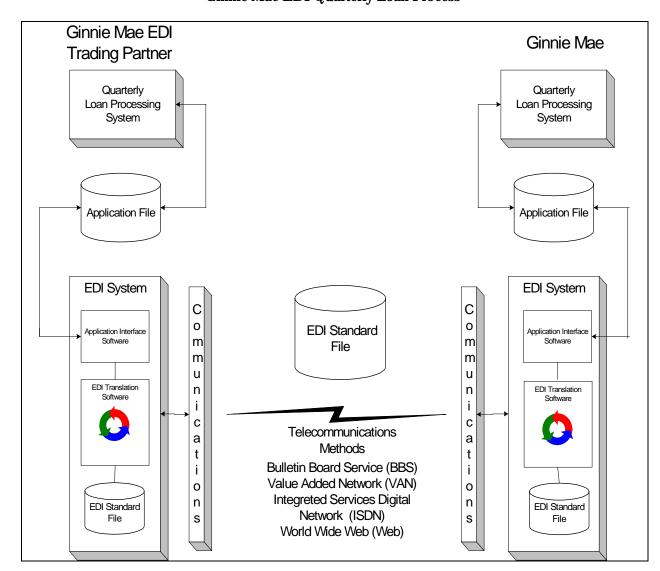
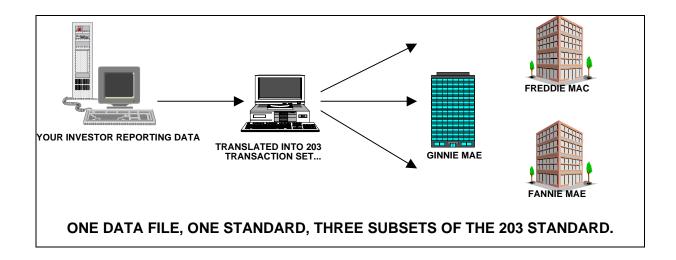


Figure 2-1
Ginnie Mae EDI Quarterly Loan Process

2.2 Standards

The use of standards for EDI transmissions is essential. If only two entities were exchanging data, standards would not be necessary. In that situation, each entity or trading partner would provide a file layout and then begin trading data. Of course with EDI, data exchange is not restricted to only two trading partners. Organizations exchanging data must therefore agree on a standard common data format. The use of standards increases efficiency and reduces maintenance. Since Ginnie Mae, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae are all using the ASC X12 standard, trading partners are able to use the same application to produce an EDI standard file containing the data items required by all trading partners (see Figure 2-2). EDI can facilitate the exchange of a standard transaction set that is tailored to meet the needs of each of the three organizations.

Figure 2-2
The Use of EDI Standards



EDI Standard business documents, such as credit reports, loan applications, or investor reports, are referred to as transaction sets. These are composed of units of information called **segments**. Segments are composed of an identifier and one or more **data elements**, in which the actual value is expressed in compressed form separated by single-character delimiters. Data elements are the basic building blocks of an EDI document. A data element may be a name, code, date description, quantity or other information that has no need for further breakdown.

For those of you familiar with database concepts, segments are comparable to records and elements are comparable to fields described within those records. For each type of EDI document, there are standard definitions of the data segments that can be used to build the document along with a dictionary of data elements for each segment. As you can see, EDI transaction sets are quite structured. Transaction sets are defined in more detail in Section 4 - Mapping.

Similar to traditional postal-based mail, EDI uses envelopes to ensure that each document is correctly identified, and like documents are grouped together. Within the EDI standards there are three different types of envelopes, and the relationship between each type is illustrated in Figure 2-3.

Functional Group ← Envelope

Transaction Set Envelope

Figure 2-3
EDI Envelopes

Each envelope is defined as follows:

- <u>Transaction Set</u> The transaction set envelope defines the beginning and end of a specific document, the type of document, and the number of segments included in that document.
- <u>Functional Group</u> Transaction sets of the same type are sorted into functional groups.
- <u>Interchange</u> The Interchange or transmission envelope includes transaction sets and functional groups. The interchange envelope contains the identity and electronic mailbox of the sender and the receiver, control information, and transaction set counts. Each envelope identified above begins, and ends, with special segments called control segments.

Adhering to the standards is essential to a successful EDI program. A successful EDI program will save both time and effort, and will minimize errors typically associated with traditional methods of information exchange.

2.3 Telecommunications

As a Ginnie Mae trading partner you must establish a telecommunications link with Ginnie Mae. Ginnie Mae provides many options for this connection. Telecommunications options include ISDN, Web, VAN, and BBS. The most appropriate telecommunications connection depends upon the business needs of the individual trading partner. For example, an issuer with a small Ginnie Mae portfolio would probably not purchase and maintain an ISDN connection to transfer small amounts of loan data. Likewise, it may not be effective for a large service bureau to use a BBS connection. Each trading partner should evaluate which option is most cost effective for its business, based on the data size and frequency of its EDI transmissions. However, it is important to note that the Web is limited to 600 loans or less.

Another factor in your telecommunications decision is your organization's current telecommunications capabilities. For example, if your organization is already ISDN-capable, you would consider using ISDN to complete your connection.

The general guidelines for selecting from the telecommunications methods supported by Ginnie Mae are presented in Table 2-1. After determining the number of loans for which you have reporting responsibility, identify the appropriate telecommunications method to connect with Ginnie Mae. If you are unfamiliar with the method identified, refer to the sub-section that follows for more information or call the EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4.

Table 2-1
Telecommunication Method Selection Criteria

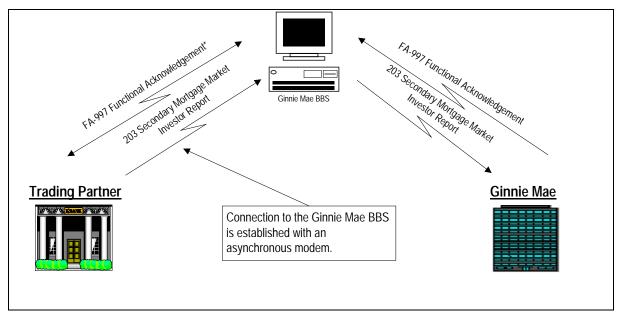
	Small Trading Partner		Medium Trading Partner		Large Trading Partner		
	Less than 10,000 Loans		Between 10,000 and 100,000 Loans		Over 100,000 Loans		
	Low High Low Technical High Technical Technical Ability Ability Ability Low Technical High Technical Ability Ability		Technical	Low Technical Ability	High Technical Ability		
BBS	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			
VAN	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	~				
Web-Based	V						
ISDN						$\sqrt{}$	

2.3.1 Bulletin Board System (BBS)

The Ginnie Mae BBS serves as an electronic file center for EDI as well as other electronic files requested by Ginnie Mae. Communication with a BBS is accomplished using a modem and an analog phone line. Current users of Ginnie Mae's Issuer Information System/BBS data reporting application may recognize the Ginnie Mae BBS interface. The BBS is in fact the same; however, you will be asked to upload your data to a different file area. Please note that data submitted using the IIS/BBS application is not EDI compliant.

The data flow for a trading partner using the Ginnie Mae BBS is represented in Figure 2-4. All EDI data submissions are transmitted to a general incoming EDI file area. Ginnie Mae will retrieve the EDI data from the incoming EDI file area. Following translation of the EDI data, you will be able to retrieve your Functional Acknowledgment from a private mailbox on the BBS.

Figure 2-4
BBS Connection



The BBS option represents the lowest cost solution to Ginnie Mae's trading partners and is best suited for trading partners with a loan volume of up to 100,000 loans, as referenced in Table 2-1. Since this connection is established with an asynchronous modem, large transmissions may take a significant amount of time and are subject to transmission errors. Ginnie Mae will support the highest speed modems commercially available.

Note: Functional Acknowledgments will be generated, but will not be sent to each trading partner automatically when using the BBS connection method. Each trading partner will be responsible for dialing into the BBS to retrieve the Functional Acknowledgment.

Additional information about the steps involved in establishing this connection can be found in Section 3 - Getting Started.

2.3.2 Value Added Network (VAN)

A VAN serves as a clearinghouse for electronic transactions, functioning as a private electronic mail service. Some of the services that a VAN provides include data archiving and storage, EDI–to-fax transfer, on-VAN translation, and consulting services. A VAN has the capability to support most commercially available options and is the most flexible of the Ginnie Mae options. The primary business purpose of a VAN is to provide a means of connectivity between trading partners. VANs also provide various contract services to the trading partners as requested.

The most basic data flow using a VAN would be from the trading partner to the VAN, then from the VAN to Ginnie Mae. The only variation to this scenario would occur if your VAN is different from Ginnie Mae's. In this case, your VAN would be required to establish an interconnection with Ginnie Mae's VAN. In both scenarios, you will be required to transmit your EDI data to your VAN mailbox to initiate the submission. Your Functional Acknowledgment will be transmitted from Ginnie Mae to your VAN mailbox. Data flow using a VAN is depicted in Figure 2-5.

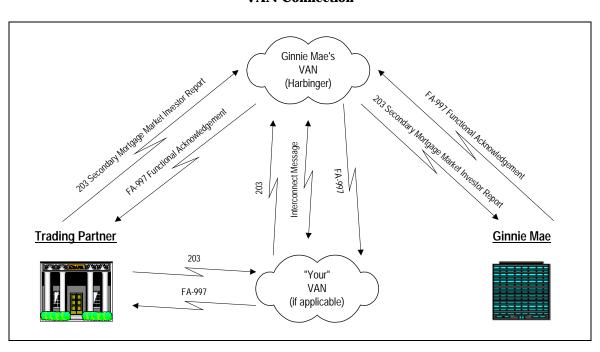


Figure 2-5
VAN Connection

The pricing structures of VANs vary and are based on individually negotiated contract terms; however, you can typically expect a per-character transmission charge in addition to monthly mailbox fees. Before choosing a VAN as your preferred method of transmission, it is very important to compute your expected transmission cost as determined by your VAN's per-character charge. Since VAN costs exceed the other communication options on a per-character basis you should consider VAN as an option only if you are trading less than 10,000 loans with Ginnie Mae, as referenced in Table 2-1. Exceptions can be made for trading partners who have pre-existing VAN relationships.

Ginnie Mae uses Harbinger Corporation for its VAN services. This does not mean that your organization must use Harbinger as its VAN. However, if a different VAN is used, an Interconnect Mailbag message must be sent between your VAN and Harbinger Corporation for transaction tracking purposes. The Interconnect Mailbag message is a standard EDI document that is supported by most VANs.

Additional information about the steps involved in establishing this connection can be found in Section 3 – Getting Started.

2.3.3 Ginnie Mae Web-Based

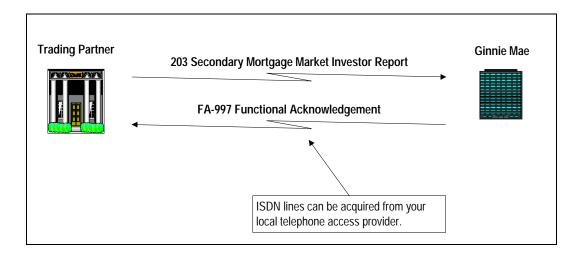
Ginnie Mae's Web-Based EDI program is a way to report loan level data via the World Wide Web. The Web-Based EDI program is designed for issuers with smaller loan volumes (i.e., 600 or fewer loans). The Web-Based EDI application, developed by Ginnie Mae, is intended to simplify the reporting process by providing an on-line data entry screen for issuers to submit loan level data.

The primary benefits of the application are the ability to submit secure loan level data via the World Wide Web and the ability for issuers to submit EDI data without the additional cost of advanced telecommunications links to Ginnie Mae. In addition, the issuers receive an email back confirming a successful transmission.

2.3.4 Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)

ISDN facilitates high-speed business and personal communication needs that include voice, data, video, and graphics. Technically, ISDN is identical to a call initiated with a modem. Traditionally, these calls are established by dialing a telephone number that serves as the receiving party's address. The signal travels from the initiating party's phone to the its local telephone company. At this point the call is either routed locally or patched through the caller's preferred long distance carrier (if the call being made is a long distance call). The call is then directed to the local telephone company of the receiver and terminates at the receiving party's phone. From the time the call is established until it is disconnected, communication is maintained using this path. ISDN calls are transmitted identically to normal phone calls, however, ISDN has the capability to transfer data significantly faster than the highest speed analog modems. Data flow using ISDN is depicted in Figure 2-6.

Figure 2-6
ISDN Connection



For trading partners who do not currently have an ISDN infrastructure in place, an ISDN connection will typically result in higher startup costs. However, once established, this connection offers a cost-effective solution for trading partners with a large loan volume. As referenced in Table 2-1, you should consider ISDN as an option if you are trading more than 100,000 loans with Ginnie Mae.

While there are many different ways to transmit data using ISDN, the basic considerations to keep in mind when procuring and installing your ISDN hardware and software are:

- Ginnie Mae uses a Cisco router to transmit and receive ISDN and requests that your transmission hardware and software be compatible with Cisco to ensure proper interaction.
- You may need to purchase a Network Termination Device (NT1 Device) and Channel Service Unit/Data Service Unit (CSU/DSU). A NT1 device provides an interface between the two-wire twisted pairs used by telephone companies in their ISDN network and an end-user's four-wire terminal equipment. The NT1 also provides power for the terminal equipment, if necessary. The CSU is a device that connects a terminal to a digital line. Typically, the two devices are packaged as a single unit. You can think of it as a very high-powered and expensive modem. The DSU is a device that performs protective and diagnostic functions for a telecommunications line.
- In order to transmit using ISDN, you will need to request an ISDN phone line from a telephone access provider. Ginnie Mae supports ISDN connectivity using TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) and will only permit data transfer using the FTP (File Transfer Protocol).

For additional information about the steps involved in establishing an ISDN connection, please refer to Section 3 – Getting Started.

2.4 Hardware

In addition to your telecommunications connection, you must acquire the appropriate hardware for your EDI system. EDI hardware falls into two categories: Telecommunications and translation.

2.4.1 Telecommunications Hardware

Once your telecommunications method has been determined, you will need to purchase the appropriate supporting hardware. For example, a trading partner with a small loan volume may only need an asynchronous modem and a regular analog phone line, while a trading partner with large loan volume may need an ISDN line, a network terminator, and an ISDN modem. As you can see, the telecommunications devices will vary significantly from trading partner to trading partner.

2.4.2 Translation Hardware

The hardware required for your organization's translation system will depend on the translation software you choose. Available translation software packages can run on almost any system from a 486 PC to an enterprise-wide mainframe. Factors for determining which software package and hardware are best for your organization would generally include loan volume, cost constraints, and your current technical architecture.

2.5 Software

A structured approach should be used when evaluating software for your EDI program. Careful planning and evaluation are key to a successful implementation. There are a number of software needs that must be addressed for your organization to become EDI-capable. Some organizations may require multiple software packages for example, translation, telecommunications, and application interface. The following sections describe these components.

2.5.1 Telecommunications Software

The need for a specific telecommunications software package depends on the telecommunications method selected. If you determine that a simple telecommunications method is appropriate, such as the BBS, the only software you will need is a basic off-the-shelf telecommunications package. The Ginnie Mae BBS has been modified to accommodate EDI data transmissions. Additional information about Ginnie Mae's BBS can be found in Section 3 – Getting Started.

Some translators have telecommunications features built into the software itself. Typically, these features are found most frequently in more sophisticated packages, but sometimes are included within basic translation packages.

The telecommunications software package that you choose will be based on your business needs and system requirements. It is important to forecast your organization's plans for EDI when choosing software, so that you do not have to replace it shortly after implementation because of a lack of features or flexibility.

2.5.2 Translation Software

There is wide variety of translation software packages from which to choose. When you evaluate translation software packages there are a number of factors to consider, including:

- Users' references
- Current systems compatibility
- Cost
- Translation speed and processing power
- Flexibility

When you select a software vendor, be certain that the product is reputable and will evolve with industry standards. This can be achieved by evaluating user references. EDI standards are certain to change with time; therefore, it is important that the vendor you choose will support your initiatives in the future.

From a financial standpoint, current system compatibility is important. For instance, it may be most economical to install the translation software on an existing machine. The majority of translation packages are capable of operating with other applications and do not require a dedicated machine.

Cost is another issue to be considered. Translation software package prices can vary considerably. Generally speaking, costs increase with added features. Therefore, you must decide what features you need to meet your minimum requirements.

Translation speed or processing power should be considered during this evaluation. For trading partners with large amounts of data, a slow translator may cause a bottleneck in normal processing cycles. Once again, a structured approach should be used for this evaluation so that these critical decisions are made with all available information. A hastily made decision on the hardware or software for your EDI program can make your EDI implementation more costly in the long run.

Finally, flexibility may be an important consideration during this evaluation. Flexibility refers to the ease with which an application can be modified for uses other than those for which it was originally intended or specifically designed. The translation software you purchase may accommodate a wider range of your business needs than you initially anticipate.

2.5.3 Application Interface Software

The application interface is the link between your loan level business application and the EDI system. The application interface creates extracts of data to be translated into an EDI transaction set or accepts translated EDI data into the business application.

The extent to which you automate the transfer of data from your loan application to the EDI system will impact the complexity of the application interface step. Additionally, if you have an existing relationship with a service bureau, the required modifications to the application interface may be addressed by the service bureau. More information about the application interface can be found in Section 3 – Getting Started.

3.0 Getting Started

Section 1 – Executive Summary and Section 2 – EDI Fundamentals provided an overview of EDI and the details of Ginnie Mae's EDI program. Now you are probably wondering: "How do I get started?" This section is divided into six steps:



Step 2 – Assess and Evaluate Technology

Step 3 - Schedule Testing with Ginnie Mae

Step 4 – Establish EDI Environment

Step 5 – Test EDI System

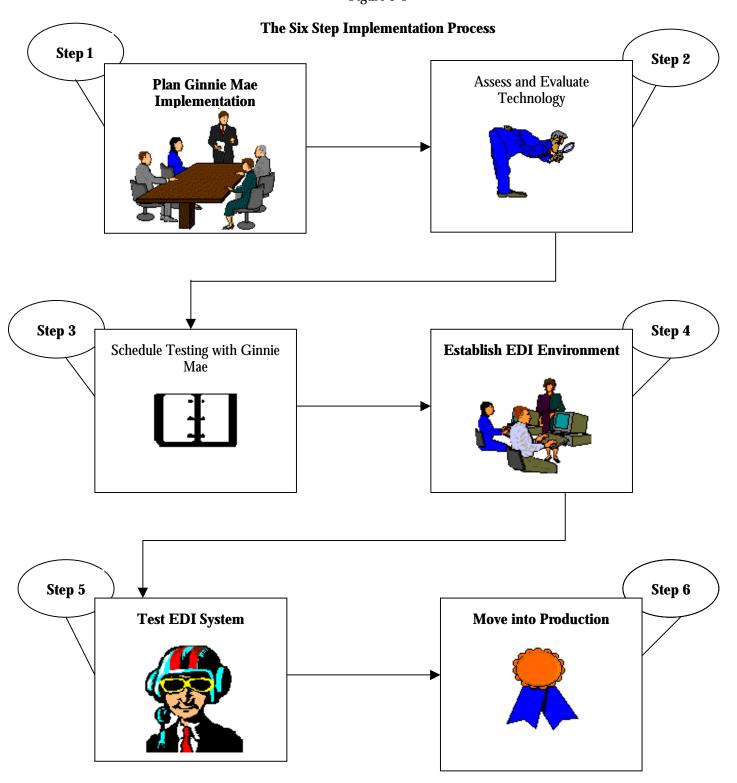
Step 6 – Move into Production



Each step represents a phase in the process required to become an active trading partner in the Ginnie Mae EDI program.

Becoming an active trading partner in Ginnie Mae's EDI program will take approximately 16 weeks; however, actual implementation time will vary depending upon your organizational needs. Figure 3-1 on the following page provides a visual representation of the six-step process needed to become EDI-capable. Additionally, Appendix C includes a checklist of the steps outlined throughout Section 3 – Getting Started to assist you throughout your EDI implementation.

Figure 3-1



Step 1: Plan Ginnie Mae Implementation

- ✓ Plan Ginnie Mae Implementation
- ✓ Hold Internal Kickoff Meeting
- **✓** Contact Ginnie Mae EDI Team
- **✓** Submit EDI System Agreement and Trading Partner Profile



The first step in implementing a successful EDI program is to ensure that the key players within your organization have reached consensus on your EDI initiatives. It is critical that your EDI team has done the following:

- Developed an overall organizational direction regarding EDI
- Established goals for your EDI initiatives
- Identified decision-makers for initiatives

Your EDI team should consist of a cross-section of your organization, including senior executives, analysts, and technical experts. Organizational support is essential to the success of an EDI program. The time that it takes to complete this step will vary greatly from trading partner to trading partner depending on project plans and available resources.

Plan Ginnie Mae Implementation

After you have developed your overall organizational EDI goals, it is time to begin planning your Ginnie Mae EDI implementation. To create a realistic project plan, all members of your team, including both business analysts and information technology professionals, should be available. For Ginnie Mae's EDI program, it is recommended that you do the following:

- Assign roles and responsibilities to your EDI team
- Discuss hardware, software, training requirements, and budgets
- Assign action items to each team member
- Develop a project plan for EDI implementation

Hold Internal Kickoff Meeting

Once you have completed the steps outlined in Step 1 – "Plan Ginnie Mae Implementation," it is recommended that you conduct an internal kickoff meeting. This meeting will communicate the various tasks, roles, and responsibilities that are necessary to successfully implement your EDI program.

Contact Ginnie Mae's EDI Team

Once you have held your kickoff meeting, you should call Ginnie Mae's EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1 to discuss the next steps for your EDI initiatives, as well as any issues that have arisen. Items that should be discussed include:

- Telecommunications method
- Preliminary Ginnie Mae testing schedule
- Ginnie Mae EDI data requirements

Ginnie Mae's EDI Team will assist you with items associated with your organization's implementation. Ginnie Mae's EDI Team has been working with your fellow trading partners within the Ginnie Mae program and can provide helpful suggestions on the most efficient ways to become EDI-capable.

Submit EDI System Agreement and Trading Partner Profile

Once you have reached the scheduling stage of your implementation, please submit both your completed EDI System Agreement and the Trading Partner Profile which are located in Appendices D and F. It is very important to fully complete these documents and submit them in a timely manner to assist us in preparing for your EDI system test.

The EDI System Agreement is a contract between you and Ginnie Mae that allows you to exchange information in this new format. Issuers using GinnieNET may have already signed this agreement and sent it to The Chase Manhattan Bank. Another signed agreement or a copy should be sent to Ginnie Mae.

The Trading Partner Profile provides Ginnie Mae's EDI team with information about your technical capabilities and EDI readiness in order to justify future changes and enhancements to Ginnie Mae's EDI program.

Step 2: Assess and Evaluate Technology

- **✓** Evaluate and Select Operating Platform
- ✓ Identify EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products Available
- ✓ Develop a Short List of EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products
- ✓ Evaluate and Select EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products
- ✓ Plan Application Interface
- ✓ Develop Configuration and Test Strategy



The second step in implementing a successful EDI program is to make sound decisions about your technology infrastructure. To accomplish this, it is important to perform an assessment of the technologies that your organization currently uses, and the technologies that you will need to acquire for your EDI initiatives. Additionally, you must identify available EDI software packages, develop a short list of products that meet your organization's requirements, and evaluate and select the products that best suit your organizational needs. You will also need to plan the interface between your business application and the EDI system. The time that it takes to complete this step will vary greatly from trading partner to trading partner depending on project plans and available resources.

This section describes the various components of an EDI infrastructure. It will provide a detailed outline of how to assess your current technology, as well as a structured approach to assessing and evaluating various technology options.

Evaluate and Select Operating Platform

Your organization may already have a hardware platform that is sufficient for your EDI needs. EDI solutions are available for almost any system on the market today. Examples of supported platforms are mainframes, minis, and personal computers. The first step is to evaluate the appropriate operating platform (for example, UNIX, Microsoft Windows NT, Microsoft Windows 95, etc.) for your EDI infrastructure. The following steps will guide you through this process:

- Research current operating platforms in use within your organization, and make a list of all the
 platforms that would be able to support your EDI initiatives.
 - This will require technical decisions involving processing power, disk space availability, and utilization rates (for example, if the current system is utilized at a rate close to capacity, it may not be feasible to use as your EDI system).

Research new operating platforms that will meet your EDI needs. This will require decisions
involving the technological direction of your organization, hardware budgets, and current
technical capabilities.

Identify Available EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products

At this point in the EDI implementation process, it is not imperative to reach a final decision on your EDI product, however, it is important to identify all of the products available to meet your organization's EDI requirements. Many EDI and Electronic Commerce resources identify and publish lists of EDI software vendors.

Note: Links to EDI resources, such as market research, on-line periodicals, and software firms are available from Ginnie Mae's Website (www.ginniemae.gov).

Develop a Short List of EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products

As the preliminary list of possible EDI translation software products tends to be fairly long, it is recommended that a short list of EDI translation software products be created. The following criteria may help narrow down the possible products:

- Operating systems supported
- Software functionality such as mapping, translation, and communication
- Vendor experience
- Your company's specific criteria (such as security)

All organizations will use different criteria to create their EDI translation software short list. These criteria are provided to give you an example of the type of factors you should consider when developing a short list.

Once you have determined the criteria that your organization will use to create a short list, it is useful to create a matrix that documents the results of the short list. Table 3-1 provides a sample EDI Translation Software Product Short List.

Table 3-1
Sample EDI Translation Software Product Short List

Software Vendor	Software Product	Supported Operating Systems	Functions Supported	Installed Client Base	Notes
Vendor A	Product 1	UNIX, Windows NT	Mapping, Translation, Communications	850	
Vendor B	Product 2	UNIX	Translation	100	Windows NT in test
Vendor C	Product 3	Windows 95/98, Windows NT	Translation, Communications	350	

Throughout this process, you will find that each decision you make has an impact on other decisions to be made about the EDI System. For example, once you have evaluated translation software, you may discover that the software package selected works only on one type of hardware platform, making your hardware requirements more definitive.

Evaluate and Select EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products

After you have created a short list of possible EDI translation software packages, you should conduct a more detailed review of each package. Prior to evaluating the packages themselves, the first step is to identify your business and technical requirements. These requirements will serve as a checklist during the evaluation. You may want to include the following items in your list of requirements:

- User references
- Hardware system compliance
- Support for EDI standards
- Mapping and translation features
- Telecommunications features (verify that it supports Ginnie Mae's required telecommunications methods defined in Section 2 EDI Fundamentals)
- Data handling (interfaces, edits and validations, security, etc.)
- Vendor services
- Cost

Occasionally, organizations choose to internally develop an application to handle the translation function. However, this method is not recommended for most issuers.

A matrix is often created to assist in the ranking of available products against your organization's EDI requirements. Table 3-2 provides an example of an evaluation matrix and sample EDI translation software selection criteria.

Table 3-2
Sample EDI Translation Software Product Evaluation and Criteria

	Vendor A	Vendor B	Vendor C	Vendor D	
Criteria	Product 1	Product 2	Product 3	Product 4	Product 5
References					
Hardware Platforms Supported					
EDI Standards					
ANSI ASC X12					
Mapping and Translation					
Code Conversion					
Non-standard Codes					
Processing Speed					
Error Handling					
Telecommunications					
Telecommunications Capability					
VAN Compatibility					
Multiple VANs					
Direct Connection Capability					
Flat File Interfaces					
Screen Interface					
Data Edits and Validations					
Document Turnaround					
Message Routing					
Encryption and Security					
Year 2000 Compliant					
Document Validation and Reconciliation					

Table 3-2
Sample EDI Translation Software Product Evaluation and Criteria (Continued)

	Vendor A Vendor B Vendor C Vendor D				
Criteria	Product 1	Product 2	Product 3	Product 4	Product 5
Archiving					
Automatic					
Retrieve Outgoing					
Retrieve Incoming					
Unattended Mode					
Data Transmission					
Mapping/Translation					
Archiving					
Reports					
Translation					
Trading Partner					
Unattended Operations					
Documentation					
Installed Base					
Vendor Services					
Software Support					
On-line Help					
• 800 Number					
Standard Upgrades					
Cost					
Package Price					
Annual Maintenance Fee					
Standards Upgrades					
Cost of Platform Upgrades					
Vendor Training Charges					
Vendor Support Charges					
Other Costs					
Organization Specific					
Other Criteria					

•	Other Criteria			

Plan Application Interface

As shown in Figure 3-2, the application interface is the component of an EDI system that acts as the broker between the EDI translator and the business application. The application interface may be different for each trading partner. For most application interface components you will need to take the following steps to facilitate communication and compatibility between the EDI component and the business application:

- Create the ability to transfer loan data from the application to the EDI system
- Modify the data structures of your loan processing application as required to meet 203 standard formatting requirements
- Modify the validation routines of your loan processing system to correct known data quality problems or data quality problems identified during system testing
- Create the ability to accept and reconcile functional acknowledgment data into the loan level system

Your organization's normal systems maintenance and configuration management approach should be taken into consideration when planning this part of your EDI implementation.

Business Application Application Interface

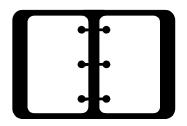
Figure 3-2
Application Interface

Develop Configuration and Test Strategy

As you are nearing the end of the evaluation phase, and as you continue through the implementation, you will need to revisit regularly your EDI System configuration and make certain the different components of your system are working together. As you add each new component to your system, you may encounter incompatibilities. Incompatibilities can often have the single largest negative impact on an otherwise flawless project plan. As you progress through design and into the implementation and testing of your system, evaluate each individual unit on its own, as well as with the entire system.

Step 3: Schedule Testing with Ginnie Mae

✓ Schedule EDI System Test with Ginnie Mae's EDI Team



Once you have completed Step 1 – "Plan Ginnie Mae Implementation" and Step 2 – "Assess and Evaluate Technology," you should contact Ginnie Mae's EDI Team at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1 to schedule EDI testing and discuss next steps.

Schedule EDI System Test with Ginnie Mae's EDI Team

The following is a list of items to be addressed during this scheduling process:

- Confirm telecommunications method
- Discuss the testing timeline and set milestones
- Review testing procedures
- Schedule connection attempts with Ginnie Mae's EDI Team
- Schedule transmission times with Ginnie Mae's EDI Team

Throughout the EDI implementation process, you will be in constant contact with Ginnie Mae's EDI Team regarding many different issues. Due to differences in project plans and available resources, the time that it takes to complete this step will vary from trading partner to trading partner.

Step 4: Establish EDI Environment

- ✔ Purchase Hardware and Software
- **✓** Configure Hardware and Software
- **✓** Establish and Test Telecommunications Connection
- **✓** Develop Application Interface
- ✓ Perform EDI Unit Testing



Now that you have completed the first three steps, your organization should be ready to establish its EDI environment. The time that it takes to complete this step will vary greatly from trading partner to trading partner depending on project plans and available resources. The actions outlined here provide a general overview of the tasks that must be accomplished to establish your EDI environment. Every step may not necessarily apply to your organization.

Purchase Hardware and Software

The first step is to purchase the components of the EDI infrastructure you selected during your technology assessment and evaluation. These items can be categorized as follows: Operating platform hardware and software, telecommunications hardware and software, and translation software.

We recommend that you request competitive bids from multiple vendors during your purchasing process, especially if you are purchasing major hardware components.

Configure Hardware and Software

The next step is to configure the hardware and software. This involves setting up any new systems, installing any software, and testing these components to verify that your system operates as expected. The actual requirements for this task depend upon the hardware and software that you purchased. You will need to work closely with your hardware and software vendors.

Establish and Test Telecommunications Connection

To finalize the establishment of your EDI test environment, you must install and test your telecommunications connection. The exact steps are dependent upon the telecommunication method chosen. The following paragraphs outline the major steps for each telecommunication method.

BBS Connection

If you are a current user of the Ginnie Mae BBS, you may continue using your current configuration. Ginnie Mae's EDI Team will need to provide you with access to the EDI upload and download file area.

Establishing the BBS connection may be the least expensive and simplest connection method available. However, this option is not available to all trading partners. This option is not suitable for issuers with extremely large submissions. Once this connection is established, your EDI test data will be transferred to *File Area 8* on the Ginnie Mae BBS. When you complete the testing requirements and move to production EDI, your data will be sent to *File Area 11*. For additional technical information regarding Ginnie Mae's BBS, please call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.

The following list details the steps that must be completed to prepare for and establish an EDI connection to the BBS:

- Call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1 if you are a new BBS user to get a User ID and password
- Select and purchase a modem
- Install modem and configure connection to the Ginnie Mae BBS
- Connect and login to the Ginnie Mae BBS

VAN Connection

Ginnie Mae utilizes Harbinger Corporation for its VAN services. However, you may use any VAN you prefer. However, if a VAN other than Harbinger Corporation is used, Ginnie Mae requests that an Interconnect Mailbag message be exchanged between your VAN and Harbinger for transaction tracking purposes.

The following list outlines the steps that must be completed in order to prepare and establish a VAN connection:

- Select the VAN you will use to connect to Ginnie Mae
- Contact the selected VAN and outline all transmission requirements (including interconnect messages, if applicable)
- Sign service level agreements with VAN
- Coordinate with Ginnie Mae's EDI Team, Harbinger, and any other VAN for transmission details such as IP addressing and mailbox structures
- Select the telecommunications method that you will use to connect to the VAN (asynchronous Frame Relay, ISDN, etc.)
- Purchase and install all hardware necessary to facilitate the connection (asynchronous modem, network terminator, ISDN modem, router, etc.)
- Configure the connection and test data transmission to the VAN

You will work closely with your VAN's account representative to complete these steps.

ISDN Connection

ISDN is an all-digital communications line that enables voice and data to be sent over an ordinary telephone line. Supported protocols are TCP/IP for connectivity and FTP for data transportation. Future initiatives may include support for multiple telecommunications options and other protocols.

The installation costs associated with an ISDN line will vary from location to location. Competitive bidding can often reduce or eliminate some of the installation costs. In addition to installation costs, you will be responsible for costs associated with the line.

Hardware requirements for an ISDN connection can be minimal. The following components are necessary for ISDN connectivity:

- Network terminator
- ISDN modem
- Router (depending on your current technology)

ISDN modems can be purchased which contain built-in network terminator features. These modems typically range in price from \$200 to \$500. In some instances, a router may be needed to create a connection to your current technical infrastructure.

The following list of steps must be completed to establish an ISDN connection to Ginnie Mae:

- Contact telecommunications vendors (and long distance vendors if necessary) and arrange for the ISDN installation
- Purchase necessary hardware (such as network terminator, ISDN modem and router)
- Contact Ginnie Mae's EDI Team and configure hardware with Ginnie Mae's ISDN specifications
- Test ISDN connectivity with Ginnie Mae

Web EDI

Trading Partners with 600 or fewer loans to report may use Ginnie Mae's Web EDI application to submit quarterly loan level data. To be able to use the Web EDI application, you first must register as a Web EDI trading partner, which is done at the Ginnie Mae Website (www.ginniemae.gov). Appendix I contains a detailed description of the Web EDI process. You also may contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Team at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1. We will be happy to go through the registration process with you step-by-step. You will need the following information to register as a Web EDI trading partner:

- Company information (i.e., name, address, telephone)
- Email address
- DUNS (Dun and Bradstreet) number if you do not know your company's DUNS number, it
 may be obtained from Dun and Bradstreet's web site at
 http://www.dnb.com/dunsno/dunsno.htm

The Web EDI application contains instructions and an automated Help facility to guide you through the data entry and submission process.

Develop Application Interface

Depending on your current infrastructure, you may need to develop or modify your application interface. This interface will represent the bridge between your existing loan level system and your EDI translator. As a general rule, the business application performs data content validation and lookups, while the translator performs EDI format and syntax checking. Furthermore, the application interface should be created in a flexible and portable manner so that changes to the translation software or maps do not adversely impact your application. Once your application interface is complete it should be thoroughly tested, both alone and in conjunction with the translation software and telecommunications method.

Perform EDI Unit Testing

Once all hardware and software has been installed and configured, your telecommunications connection established, and your application interface programs tested, you are ready to conduct EDI unit testing.

EDI unit testing includes testing of all of the individual components of your EDI system to verify that they are functioning as expected. Once you have established that your EDI system is working correctly, you are ready to begin testing with Ginnie Mae.

Step 5: Test EDI System

- ✓ Meet Test Criteria
- ✓ Validate Test Submission
- **✓** Repeat Process



This step is not applicable to Web EDI users.

Once your organization's EDI environment has been established and internally tested, you may begin submitting test data to Ginnie Mae. Ginnie Mae requires three "clean" (error-free) successful test submissions from each trading partner prior to submitting production data via EDI. The time that it takes to complete this step will vary greatly from trading partner to trading partner, depending on available resources.

This section describes the procedures a trading partner will follow to begin submitting test data to Ginnie Mae.

NOTE: The test file submissions described in this section DO NOT replace your quarterly loan level data. The test file submissions described in this section are for EDI testing purposes only and you must continue submitting your quarterly loan level data utilizing your current non-EDI method, until you are approved for production EDI.

Meet Test Criteria

Ginnie Mae has specific requirements for trading partners to complete before submitting production quarterly loan level data via EDI. All trading partners must submit a minimum of three "clean" (error- free) 203 Quarterly Mortgage Investor Reports, two of which must be in succession. The EDI data testing criteria for individual issuers and service bureaus or sub-servicers are slightly different. This is fully explained later.

Comparison File

Each EDI test submission requires a comparison file to be forwarded to Ginnie Mae's EDI Team. A comparison file should contain quarterly loan level data in the non-EDI Ginnie Mae proprietary format that you currently use every quarter. The non-EDI comparison file should contain the same data submitted in the EDI test 203 Secondary Mortgage Investor Report using your current submission method such as BBS, floppy disk, reel tape, or cartridge.

Note: Please use "EDI Test" labels to properly identify test media. All testing media should be forwarded to the following address:

Ginnie Mae's EDI Team, One Curie Court, Rockville, Maryland 20850.

Issuer Test Criteria

Complete testing of the transfer of data for an issuer can be accomplished in three submissions.

Note: Each test builds on the previous submission. Therefore, each submission must be transmitted in the order specified below.

- 1. "Clean" test submission with only a portion of the issuer's portfolio, and with a submission indicator of type 00 (Original).
- 2. "Clean" test submission with the issuer's entire portfolio, and with a submission indicator of type 15 (Re-submission).
- 3. "Clean" test submission with the issuer's entire portfolio, and with a submission indicator of type 41 (Corrected and Verified).

Each one of these tests must be executed with complete accuracy. Issuers will not be approved for EDI production data until each of the test criteria has been met.

Note: Issuers using a Service Bureau or third-party software vendor are required to submit only one successful test submission of their entire loan portfolio.

Service Bureau/Sub-Servicer Test Criteria

Complete issuer data testing for a service bureau or sub-servicer can be accomplished in three submissions. Each submission is detailed below:

- 1. "Clean" test submission with only a portion of the service bureau or sub-servicer's portfolio, and with a submission indicator of type 00 (Original).
- 2. "Clean" test submission with the service bureau or sub-servicer's entire portfolio, and with a submission indicator of type 15 (Re-submission). If the entire portfolio contains more than one issuer, a minimum of two transaction sets (See Section 4 Mapping) must be sent during the testing process. Each issuer's data must be fully contained within a transaction set.
- 3. "Clean" test submission with the service bureau or sub-servicer's entire portfolio, and with a submission indicator of type 41 (Corrected and Verified). If the entire portfolio contains more than one issuer, a minimum of two transaction set must be sent during the testing process. Each issuer's data must be fully contained within a transaction set.

Each of the test criteria must be executed with complete accuracy. Service bureaus and sub-servicers cannot become active EDI trading partners until each test criteria has been successfully met.

Validate Test Submission

Once Ginnie Mae receives the test data submission, multiple tests will be conducted to verify data accuracy. A 997 (Functional Acknowledgment) transaction set will be generated for the issuer indicating whether the test data submission passed the translation test. Additionally, Ginnie Mae's EDI team will provide a status report for each submission that will provide information about the submission, including error detail, submission information, and next steps.

Repeat Process

The testing process must be repeated when the test data failed translation and steps must be taken to correct errors. This notification will be provided to you in the status report. Once you have corrected the errors, the test data submission must be repeated. Once you have completed three successful transmissions, you are ready to move into production.

Step 6: Move into Production

- ✓ Schedule First Production Submission
- **✓** Submit Data Using EDI

You have now completed the steps required to become an EDI-capable trading partner in Ginnie Mae's EDI program. As a new trading partner, you must coordinate with Ginnie Mae to arrange for your first production EDI submission. Once you coordinate your production EDI submission, you are ready to begin submitting data using EDI.

Note: Once you have moved into EDI production you should not submit quarterly loan level data using non-EDI submission methods.

Customer Support

If you have any questions or concerns about the Ginnie Mae EDI program, please call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.

4.0 Mapping

This section contains an introduction to EDI transaction sets, guidance on how to read a transaction set, and the transaction set *maps* that Ginnie Mae will be using for its EDI Loan Level reporting. These include:



- Instructions for how to create the outer telecommunications envelope that carries a set of transaction sets ISA and IEA *segments* referred to as the interchange envelope
- The electronic "paper clip" that holds related sets of transaction sets together—the GS and GE segments, referred to as the functional group
- The 203 Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report and 997 Functional Acknowledgment transactions
- It is important to note that all segments are "Mandatory" within the 203 transaction set

More information about EDI transaction set components can be found in Section 3 – Getting Started.

4.1 Introduction to Transaction Sets

An EDI transaction set is simply a standardized structure for a common business form. For example, the American National Standards Institute, Accredited Standards Committee X12 (ANSI ASC X12) version of an invoice is represented as transaction set 810. ASC X12 identifies all of its transaction sets using three-digit numbers; the identification of the X12 transaction set representing the secondary mortgage market investor report is the 203.

Ginnie Mae has specific instructions on how to structure the flat file to carry the quarterly loan level data. In order to transition from the flat file format to the 203 transaction set, you'll need a *map*, or set of directions to let you know how each data element should be structured into the 203. Also, some additional data elements that enable the EDI transaction set to be exchanged electronically will need to accompany the normal loan level data within the 203.

Before we get to the specifics of how the loan level data will look as a 203 transaction set, let us take a few minutes to learn how to read the different parts of an X12 transaction set. The EDI transaction set will require additional information not required by the current method.

4.2 How to Read an EDI Transaction Set

The 203 Transaction Set Notes and Segment Notes are presented on pages 4-2 through 4-7. This is a summary representation of the information carried in the 203. The transaction set name, functional group (business category), business purpose, segment, and any special usage notes needed when using the 203 are displayed. Also, this provides a graphical representation of the transaction set hierarchy. That is, it identifies the sets of segments within the transaction set that may be repeated (or loop) more than once. Sets of nested loops, or loops that are inside of loops, illustrate the relationships between the various data segments.

Pages 4-7 through 4-9 are in the same format as Ginnie Mae's transaction set map. Larger numbers added to the normal format represent notes. The legend is keyed to the note numbers, with explanations of each of

the transaction set components. Many of the definitions within the legend come from the ANSI ASC X12 Version 004000 Ballot, document number ASC X12S/97-111.

Appendix G, Guidelines for the Implementation of the Ginnie Mae 203 Transaction Set, provides supplemental information regarding Ginnie Mae's 203 transaction set. The maps in Appendix G have been designed to complement the information provided in this section. The maps present both a graphical overview of Ginnie Mae's 203 mapping requirements and a sample transaction set.

4.3 Example Transaction Set

	Transaction Set Notes					
Note Number	Name	Explanation				
1	Transaction Set Identifier	Uniquely identifies the transaction set. For ANSI ASC X12 transaction sets, this is a three-digit number assigned by the standards organization.				
2	Transaction Set Title	The corresponding name of the transaction set.				
3	Functional Group Identifier	Each transaction set is included in a specific collection of related transaction sets called a functional group. The functional group is identified using a two-letter identifier, which is assigned by X12.				
4	Introduction	This describes the business purpose and scope of use of the transaction set. The words, "Draft Standard for Trial Use" simply means that the transaction set has been approved by the ASC X12 Subcommittee of ANSI, but has not yet been approved by ANSI. The ANSI approval process happens once every seven years.				
5	Heading	This identifies the header information for the transaction set.				
6	Page Number	This column indicates the page number in the transaction set map where the segment can be found.				
7	Position Number	The Position Number indicates the position of the segment within the transaction set. Transaction set segments are ordered sequentially from top to bottom, beginning with "010."				
8	Segment ID	Segment ID is an identifier of information in a transaction set. A transaction set is made up of segments; segments are made up of data elements. Each segment has a two-to-three-letter identifier, assigned by X12.				
9	Name	This is the name of the segment corresponding to its identifier. The name describes the type of information the segment carries.				

Note Number	Name	Explanation
10	Requirement Designator	This is a one-character code indicating the need for the data segment to appear in the data stream of the transmission. The code "M" means that the segment is mandatory and the code "O" means that the segment is optional
11	Maximum Use	The segments in a transaction set may be repeated. The Maximum Use number indicates the number of allowable occurrences for that segment.
12	Loop Repeat	In the transaction set maps, a bracket highlights the segments included in a loop. Within each bracket, the number of times the loop is permitted to occur is shown as the Loop Repeat number. If the terminology ">1" is used, it means that the loop may repeat an unlimited number of times.
13	Notes and Comments	For each transaction set, there may be specific information about the intended use of a segment. These instructions are very important for understanding how to use the transaction set, and are annotated within the transaction set and explained below it. For example, n1 refers to the first note in the Transaction Set Notes (See Note Number 18)
14	Detail	This identifies the detail information for the transaction set.
15	Loop ID	The Loop ID identifies the first segment appearing in the loop.
16	Loop Bracket	The segments included in a loop are enclosed in a bracket.
17	Nested Loop	A Nested Loop is a loop within a loop.
18	Transaction Set Notes	These are the footnotes containing specific information about how a particular segment should be used within the transaction set. (See Note Number 13)

19	Segment	A data segment is an intermediate unit of information in a transaction set. A transaction set is made up of segments; segments are made up of data elements. Each data segment has a two to three-letter identifier, assigned by X12, known as the Segment ID. The name of the segment corresponds to its identifier, and describes the type of information the segment carries. (See Note Numbers 8 and 9)
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19	Segment	A data segment is an intermediate unit of information in a transaction set. A transaction set is made up of segments; segments are made up of data elements. Each data segment has a two to three-letter identifier, assigned by X12, known as the Segment ID. The name of the segment corresponds to its identifier, and describes the type of information the segment carries. (See Note Numbers 8 and 9)
20	Position	This indicates the position of the segment within the transaction set. Transaction set segments are ordered sequentially from top to bottom, beginning with "010." (See Note Number 7)
21	Loop	Within the segment, this indicates whether this particular segment falls within a loop, and if so, provides the loop ID. (See Note Number 15)
22	Level	The level shows whether a particular segment is located in the Heading or Detail Section. (See Note Numbers 5 and 14)
23	Usage	This indicates whether the segment is mandatory or optional. (See Note Number 10)
24	Maximum Use	The segments in a transaction set may be repeated. When segments are repeated, it may have a specified total allowable number of occurrences at a specific position within the transaction set. The Maximum Use number indicates the number of allowable occurrences. (See Note Number 11)
25	Purpose	This describes how a segment is generally used. If there are specific intentions for the use of a segment for a particular transaction set, the segment will be annotated, and this usage instruction will appear beneath the transaction set. (See Note Number 26)
26	Notes	This provides additional information about the segments in the transaction set and elements within the segment.
27	Data Element Summary	A segment is made up of a collection of related data elements. The data elements, and their descriptions, are listed under the heading, "Data Element Summary."
28	Reference Designator	Like the position number of a segment within a transaction set, the Reference Designator identifies the relative position of the data element within the segment. The data elements are numbered sequentially, beginning with 01, and take the segment ID as a prefix. (See Note Number 7)

19	Segment	A data segment is an intermediate unit of information in a transaction set. A transaction set is made up of segments; segments are made up of data elements. Each data segment has a two to three-letter identifier, assigned by X12, known as the Segment ID. The name of the segment corresponds to its identifier, and describes the type of information the segment carries. (See Note Numbers 8 and 9)
29	Data Element	The Data Element is the smallest unit of information in the X12 standard. Each Data Element has a one-to-our-digit reference number assigned by X12.
30	Name	Each Data Element has a Name corresponding to its ID number. Below the name of the Data Element is the Data Element Definition, identifying the way this Data Element is used.
31	Attributes	Like data segments, Data Elements have specific characteristics, called attributes, which are presented as a set of three codes. The first attribute indicates whether the data element is mandatory or optional. The second attribute identifies the data element type:
		• Numeric (N0)
		Decimal Number (R)
		Identifier (ID)
		• String (AN)
		Date (DT)
		• Time (TM)
		The third attribute indicates the minimum and maximum number of characters of the Data Element.
32	Data Element Code Value	Depending on the segment, there will be a list of the data element code values that can be used for a particular data element.
33	Code Value Description	The description of the code value is listed along with its identifier.
34	Additional Guidance	This is additional guidance about how you will make the connection between the current Ginnie Mae flat file format for loan information, and the 203 transaction set. This additional information may not be provided for all elements.

1 2

203 Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report

3

Functional Group ID=**MH**

4

Introduction:

This Draft Standard for Trial Use contains the format and establishes the data contents of the Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report Transaction Set (203) for use within the context of an Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) environment. This transaction set can be used for the transfer and reporting of mortgage servicing information between mortgage servicers, mortgage service bureaus, and secondary mortgage market organizations.

5

Heading:

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

	Pos.	Seg.		Req.		Loop	Notes and
Page No.	<u>No.</u>	<u>ID</u>	<u>Name</u>	Des.	Max.Use	Repeat	Comments
3	010	ST	Transaction Set Header	M	1		
4	020	BGN	Beginning Segment	M	1		
6	030	DTP	Date or Time or Period	M	1		n1
7	040	REF	Reference Identification	M	1		n2

14 Detail:

	Pos.	Seg.		Req.		Loop	Notes and	
Page No.	No.	<u>ID</u>	Name	Des.	Max.Use	Repeat	Comments	16
			15			>1		
			LOOP ID - LX					
8	010	LX	Assigned Number	M	1			
9	020	REF	Reference Identification	M	2		n3	
								_
			LOOP ID - RLT			>1		
10	050	RLT	Real Estate Loan Type	M	1			
13	060	DTP	Date or Time or Period	M	1		n4	
14	070	AMT	Monetary Amount	M	2		n5	
16	090	INT	Interest	M	2			
17	110	NX2	Real Estate Property ID Component	M	4		17	
			LOOP ID - N1			1		
19	120	N1	Name	M	1			
21	130	N2	Additional Name Information	M	1			
22	140	DTP	Date or Time or Period	M	2		n6	
23	150	AMT	Monetary Amount	M	2		n7	
25	160	YNQ	Yes/No Question	M	1		n8	
26	190	SE	Transaction Set Trailer	M	1			<u> </u>

18

Transaction Set Notes

- **1.** The DTP segment states the Reporting Cycle Date.
- **2.** The REF segment indicates the Servicer or Issuer Institution Number.
- **3.** The REF segment is used to identify Sub-Servicer, Pool, Document Custodial Note Holder or Issuer.
- 4. The DTP segment is used to state the Last Paid Installment Date and Date of Last Payment Received.
- 5. The AMT segment is used to report amounts such as Actual or Scheduled Unpaid Principal Balance, Principal and Interest Due to Investor and Current Principal and Interest, Prepayment Penalties.
- **6.** The DTP segment is used to identify the Original Maturity Date and the Date of First Payment.
- 7. The AMT segment is used to state the Original Principal Balance and the Tax & Insurance Escrow Fund Balance.
- **8.** The YNQ segment determines whether or not Foreclosure proceedings have begun on the loan. A 'Y' indicates proceedings have begun.

19	Segment:	ST Transaction Set Header
20	Position:	010
21	Loop:	
22	Level:	Heading
23	Usage:	Mandatory
24	Max Use:	1
25	Purpose:	To indicate the start of a transaction set and to assign a control number
	26 Notes:	One ST - SE loop is required for each issuer.

27

Data Element Summary

28 29 30 31

Ref. Data

Des.ElementNameAttributesST01143Transaction Set Identifier CodeM ID 3/3

Code uniquely identifying a Transaction Set

32 33

203 X12.340 Secondary Mortgage Market Investor

Report

ST02 329 Transaction Set Control Number M AN 4/9

Identifying control number that must be unique within the transaction set functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction set

34

This control number is assigned by your translation software.

This element is not reported in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission, but is required for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

ICS Interchange Control Structures

Functional Group ID=

Introduction:

The purpose of this standard is to define the control structures for the electronic interchange of one or more encoded business transactions including the EDI (Electronic Data Interchange) encoded transactions of Accredited Standards Committee X12. This standard provides the interchange envelope of a header and trailer for the electronic interchange through a data transmission, and it provides a structure to acknowledge the receipt and processing of this envelope.

	Pos.	Seg.		Req.		Loop	Notes and
Page No.	<u>No.</u>	<u>ID</u>	<u>Name</u>	Des.	Max.Use	Repeat	Comments
2	010	ISA	Interchange Control Header	M	1		
5	020	GS	Functional Group Header	M	1		
7	030	GE	Functional Group Trailer	M	1		
8	040	IEA	Interchange Control Trailer	M	1		

Segment: ISA Interchange Control Header

Position: 010

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To start and identify an interchange of zero or more functional groups and interchange-related control segments

Notes: The Ginnie Mae DUNS Number is 80-871-6344. This number is used as the Sender

ID for outbound documents and as the Receiver ID for inbound documents.

Data should be provided in an unwrapped format.

The following delimiters should be used for all Ginnie Mae transaction sets:

Segment!
Element *
Sub-element:

Ref.	Data				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
ISA01	I01	Authorizatio	on Information Qualifier	M	ID 2/2
		Code to ident	Code to identify the type of information in the Authorization Information		
		00	No Authorization Information Presen Meaningful Information in I02)	ıt (No	
ISA02	I02	Authorizatio	on Information	M	AN 10/10
		interchange s	used for additional identification or authoriza ender or the data in the interchange; the type Authorization Information Qualifier (I01)		
		Element ISA reject the tran	I02 must be filled with 10 blank spaces or the smission.	ne tran	slator will
ISA03	I03	Security Info	ormation Qualifier	M	ID 2/2
		Code to identify the type of information in the Security Information			
		00	No Security Information Present (No Information in I04)	Mean	ingful

ISA04	104	Security Information	M	AN 10/10		
		This is used for identifying the security information about the interchange sender or the data in the interchange; the type of information is set by the Security Information Qualifier (I03)				
		Element ISA I02 must be filled with 10 blank spaces or the reject the transmission.	ne tran	slator will		
ISA05	105	Interchange ID Qualifier	M	ID 2/2		
		Qualifier to designate the system/method of code structure designate the sender or receiver ID element being qualified		to		
		Duns (Dun & Bradstreet)				
ISA06	I06	Interchange Sender ID	M	AN 15/15		
		Identification code published by the sender for other partie receiver ID to route data to them; the sender always codes the sender ID element				
		This is the sender's DUNS number. If the DUNS number characters, left justify the number and right pad with space numeric digits. Do not include any dashes, commas, etc.				
ISA07	105	Interchange ID Qualifier	M	ID 2/2		
		Qualifier to designate the system/method of code structure designate the sender or receiver ID element being qualified		to		
		Duns (Dun & Bradstreet)				
ISA08	107	Interchange Receiver ID	M	AN 15/15		
		Identification code published by the receiver of the data; V is used by the sender as their sending ID, thus other partie them will use this as a receiving ID to route data to them		_		
		This is the receiver's DUNS number. If the DUNS number characters, left justify the number and right pad with space numeric digits. Do not include any dashes, commas, etc.				
ISA09	108	Interchange Date	M	DT 6/6		
		Date of the interchange				
		Use the format YYMMDD.				
ISA10	109	Interchange Time	M	TM 4/4		

Use the format HHMM. ISA11 **I10 Interchange Control Standards Identifier** M ID 1/1 Code to identify the agency responsible for the control standard used by the message that is enclosed by the interchange header and trailer ISA12 **I11 Interchange Control Version Number** M ID 5/5 This version number covers the interchange control segments 00306 Draft Standards for Trial Use Approved for Publication by ASC X12 Procedures Review Board through October 1995 ISA13 **I12 Interchange Control Number** M N0 9/9 A control number assigned by the interchange sender This number is assigned by the sender's translator and must match data element IEA02 I12. ISA14 M ID 1/1 **I13 Acknowledgment Requested** Code sent by the sender to request an interchange acknowledgment (TA1) An Interchange Acknowledgement should only be requested when sending transactions between VANs or from a VAN to a Private Network. ISA15 **Test Indicator I14** M ID 1/1 Code to indicate whether data enclosed by this interchange envelope is test or production ISA16 **Component Element Separator** I15 M AN 1/1 This field provides the delimiter used to separate component data elements within a composite data structure; this value must be different than the

data element separator and the segment terminator

Time of the interchange

Segment: GS Functional Group Header

Position: 020

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the beginning of a functional group and to provide control information **Notes:** A functional group of related transaction sets, within the scope of X12 standards,

consists of a collection of similar transaction sets, within the scope of X12 standards,

header and a functional group trailer.

Ref.	Data			
<u>Des.</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
GS01	479	Functional Identifier Code	M	ID 2/2
		Code identifying a group of application related transaction	sets	
		MH Secondary Mortgage Market Investor	Repo	rt (203)
GS02	142	Application Sender's Code	M	AN 9/13
		Code identifying party sending transmission; codes agreed partners	to by	trading
		This is the sender's DUNS number.		
GS03	124	Application Receiver's Code	M	AN 9/13
		Code identifying party receiving transmission. Codes agree partners	d to l	by trading
		This is the receiver's DUNS number.		
GS04	373	Date	M	DT 6/6
		Date (YYMMDD)		
		Use the format YYMMDD.		
GS05	337	Time	M	TM 4/8
		Time expressed in 24-hour clock time as follows: HHMM, or HHMMSSD, or HHMMSSDD, where $H = hours$ (00-23)		

(00-59), S = integer seconds (00-59) and DD = decimal seconds; decimal seconds are expressed as follows: D = tenths (0-9) and DD = hundredths (00-99)

Use the format HHMM.

GS06 28 Group Control Number

M N0 1/9

Assigned number originated and maintained by the sender

This number is assigned by the sender's translator and must match data element GE02 28.

GS07 455 Responsible Agency Code

M ID 1/2

M AN 1/12

Code used in conjunction with Data Element 480 to identify the issuer of the standard

X Accredited Standards Committee X12

GS08 480 Version / Release / Industry Identifier Code

Code indicating the version, release, subrelease, and industry identifier of the EDI standard being used, including the GS and GE segments; if code in DE455 in GS segment is X, then in DE 480 positions 1-3 are the version number; positions 4-6 are the release and subrelease, level of the version; and positions 7-12 are the industry or trade association identifiers (optionally assigned by user); if code in DE455 in GS segment is T, then

other formats are allowed

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Segment: \mathbf{GE} Functional Group Trailer

Position: 030

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To indicate the end of a functional group and to provide control informationNotes: The use of identical data interchange control numbers in the associated functional

The use of identical data interchange control numbers in the associated functional group header and trailer is designed to maximize functional group integrity. The

control number is the same as that used in the corresponding header.

Ref.	Data				
<u>Des.</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Att</u>	ributes	
GE01	97	Number of Transaction Sets Included	\mathbf{M}	N0 1/6	
		Total number of transaction sets included in the functional interchange (transmission) group terminated by the trailer data element		-	
GE02	28	Group Control Number	M	N0 1/9	
		Assigned number originated and maintained by the sender			
		This number is assigned by the sender's translator and must match dat element GS06 28.			

Segment: IEA Interchange Control Trailer

Position: 040

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To define the end of an interchange of zero or more functional groups and interchange-related control segments

Ref.	Data			
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
IEA01	I16	Number of Included Functional Groups	M	N0 1/5
		A count of the number of functional groups included in an	interc	change
IEA02	I12	Interchange Control Number	\mathbf{M}	N0 9/9
		A control number assigned by the interchange sender		
		This number is assigned by the sender's translator and must element ISA13 I12.	st mat	ch data

203 Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report

Functional Group ID=MH

Introduction:

This Draft Standard for Trial Use contains the format and establishes the data contents of the Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report Transaction Set (203) for use within the context of an Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) environment. This transaction set can be used for the transfer and reporting of mortgage servicing information between mortgage servicers, mortgage service bureaus, and secondary mortgage market organizations.

Heading:

	Pos.	Seg.		Req.		Loop	Notes and
Page No.	<u>No.</u>	<u>ID</u>	<u>Name</u>	Des.	Max.Use	Repeat	Comments
3	010	ST	Transaction Set Header	M	1		
4	020	BGN	Beginning Segment	M	1		
6	030	DTP	Date or Time or Period	M	1		n1
7	040	REF	Reference Identification	M	1		n2

Detail:

Page No.	Pos. <u>No.</u>	Seg. <u>ID</u>	<u>Name</u> LOOP ID - LX	Req. Des.	Max.Use	Loop Repeat >1	Notes and Comments
8	010	LX	Assigned Number	M	1		
9	020	REF	Reference Identification	M	2		n3
			LOOP ID - RLT			>1	
10	050	RLT	Real Estate Loan Type	M	1		
13	060	DTP	Date or Time or Period	M	1		n4
14	070	AMT	Monetary Amount	M	2		n5
16	090	INT	Interest	M	1		
17	110	NX2	Real Estate Property ID Component	M	4		
			LOOP ID - N1			1	
19	120	N1	Name	M	1		

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21	130	N2	Additional Name Information	M	1	
22	140	DTP	Date or Time or Period	M	2	n6
23	150	AMT	Monetary Amount	M	2	n7
25	160	YNQ	Yes/No Question	M	1	n8
26	190	SE	Transaction Set Trailer	M	1	

Transaction Set Notes

- 1. The DTP segment states the reporting cycle date.
- 2. The REF segment indicates the Servicer or Issuer Institution Number.
- 3. The REF segment is used to identify Sub Servicer, Pool, Document Custodial Note Holder, or Issuer.
- 4. The DTP segment is used to state the Last Paid Installment Date and the Date of the Last Payment Received.
- 5. The AMT segment is used to report amounts such as the Actual or Scheduled Unpaid Principal Balance, Principal or Interest Due to Investor, Current Principal and Interest, Prepayment Penalties.
- **6.** The DTP segment is used to identify the Original Maturity Date and the Date of First Payment.
- 7. The AMT segment is used to state the Original Principal Balance and the Tax & Insurance Escrow Fund Balance.
- 8. The YNQ segment determines whether or not Foreclosure proceedings have begun on the loan. A 'Y' indicates proceedings have begun.

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Segment: ST Transaction Set Header

Position: 010

Loop:

Level: Heading Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the start of a transaction set and to assign a control number **Notes:** The transaction set identifier (ST01) used by the translation routines of the

interchange partners to select the appropriate transaction set definition (e.g., 810

selects the Invoice Transaction Set).

One ST - SE loop is required for each issuer.

Ref.	Data						
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>		
ST01	143	Transaction S	Set Identifier Code	\mathbf{M}	ID 3/3		
		Code uniquely	identifying a Transaction Set				
		203	X12.340 Secondary Mortgage Marke Report	t Inve	stor		
ST02	329	Transaction S	Set Control Number	M	AN 4/9		
			Identifying control number that must be unique within the transaction se functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction set				
		This control nu	umber is assigned by your translation software	are.			
			s not reported in the Quarterly Loan Level S the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission.		ssion, but		

Segment: BGN Beginning Segment

Position: 020

Loop:

Level: Heading Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To indicate the beginning of a transaction set **Notes:** BGN02 is the transaction set reference number.

BGN03 is the transaction set date. BGN04 is the transaction set time.

BGN05 is the transaction set time qualifier.

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data			
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
BGN01	353	Transaction Set Purpose Code	\mathbf{M}	ID 2/2
		Code identifying purpose of transaction set		
		00 Original		
		15 Re-Submission		
		41 Corrected and Verified		
BGN02	127	Reference Identification	M	AN 10/10
		Reference information as defined for a particular Transa specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier	ction Se	t or as
		Assign the constant EDILLMBSIS to this field.		
		This element is not reported in the Quarterly Loan Level is required for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission		ssion, but
BGN03	373	Date	M	DT 6/6
		Date (YYMMDD)		
		This will be assigned by your Translation Software.		
		This element is not reported in the Quarterly Loan Leve	l Submis	ssion, but

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is required for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

BGN04 337 Time M TM 4/4

Time expressed in 24-hour clock time as follows: HHMM, or HHMMSS, or HHMMSSD, or HHMMSSDD, where H = hours (00-23), M = minutes (00-59), S = integer seconds (00-59) and DD = decimal seconds; decimal seconds are expressed as follows: D = tenths (0-9) and DD = hundredths (00-99)

This will be assigned by your Translation Software. Use the format HHMM.

This element is not reported in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission, but is required for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

BGN05 623 Time Code M ID 2/2

Code identifying the time. In accordance with International Standards Organization standard 8601, time can be specified by a + or - and an indication in hours in relation to Universal Time Coordinate (UTC) time; since + is a restricted character, + and - are substituted by P and M in the codes that follow

This element is not reported in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission, but is required for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

CT	Central Time
ET	Eastern Time
MT	Mountain Time
PT	Pacific Time

Segment: **DTP** Date or Time or Period

Position: 030

Loop:

Level: Heading Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To specify any or all of a date, a time, or a time period

Notes: DTP02 is the date or time or period format that will appear in DTP03.

Ref.	Data				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	<u>ributes</u>
DTP01	374	Date/Time Q	ualifier	\mathbf{M}	ID 3/3
		Code specifyi	ng type of date or time, or both date and time	2	
		730	Reporting Cycle Date		
DTP02	1250	Date Time P	eriod Format Qualifier	\mathbf{M}	ID 2/2
		Code indication	ng the date format, time format, or date and t	ime fo	ormat
		CM	Date in Format CCYYMM		
DTP03	1251	Date Time P	eriod	\mathbf{M}	AN 6/6
		Expression of	a date, a time, or range of dates, times or da	tes an	d times
		positions 36-4	is reported in the Quarterly Loan Level Submands of the Header Record in the format MMY puired for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submands.	YYY	. This

Segment: **REF** Reference Identification

Position: 040

Loop:

Level: Heading Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Data Element Summary

Data				
Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	<u>ributes</u>
128	Reference Identifi	cation Qualifier	M	ID 2/2
	Code qualifying the	Reference Identification		
	EO	Submitter Identification Number		
		1	nitter	of the
		Trading Partner ID		
	Element	Element Name 128 Reference Identification Code qualifying the	Element Name Reference Identification Qualifier	Element Name Att 128 Reference Identification Qualifier M EO Submitter Identification Number A unique number identifying the submitter transaction set

REF02 127 Reference Identification

M AN 9/13

Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier

DUNS Number (All Ginnie Mae trading partners are required to use a DUNS number as their submitter ID.) This number must match data element 142 in the GS segment. If it does not, the submission will be rejected. The format for reporting this element should not include any dashes, commas, etc.

This element is not reported in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission, but is required for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: LX Assigned Number

Position: 010
Loop: LX
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To reference a line number in a transaction set

Notes: The LX is a required segment. One LX segment should be reported for each loan.

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data		
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attributes</u>
LX01	554	Assigned Number	M N0 1/6

Number assigned for differentiation within a transaction set

This is assigned by your translation software. This is a 203 control

element which is automated by your translation software.

This element is not reported in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission, but is required for the EDI Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: **REF** Reference Identification

Position: 020
Loop: LX
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 2

Purpose: To specify identifying information

Notes: Two REF segments are required for each loan.

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	<u>ributes</u>
REF01	128	Reference I	Reference Identification Qualifier		
		Code qualify	Code qualifying the Reference Identification		
		V8	Institution Number		
		VI	Pool Number		
REF02	127	Reference I	Reference Identification		AN 5/6

Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as

specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier

Report your five digit Issuer Number and your six digit Pool Number.

The Pool Number is reported in positions 7-12 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission. The Institution Number is reported as the Issuer Number in positions 2-6 of the Header, Detail and Trailer Records of the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: RLT Real Estate Loan Type

Position: 050
Loop: RLT
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: Used to identify the agency case number, loan number, real estate loan type, pool type and amortization terms

Data Element Summary

		Data Element Summary				
Ref.	Data					
<u>Des.</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	<u>ributes</u>	
RLT01	128	Reference Identification Qualifier			ID 2/2	
		Code qualifying the Reference Identification				
		If reporting a Rural Housing Service (RHS) loan number (formerly known as Farmers Home Administration-FmHA loan number), use the reference identification qualifier LD.				
		LD	Loan Number			
			Rural Housing Service Case Number			
			The unique loan number assigned by the Rural Housing Service (RHS) to each RHS loan			
		Z 8	Federal Housing Administration Case Number		ıber	
			The unique loan number assigned by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) to each FHA loan			
		Z 9	Veterans Affairs Case Number			
			The unique loan number assigned by the Veterans Affairs (VA) to each VA loan			
RLT02	127	Reference Identif	ication	M	AN 9/12	

Reference identification IVI AIV //12

Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier

Enter information based on the above identification code.

LD - RHS Case Number is reported in positions 13-24 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission. Z8 - FHA Case Number is reported in positions 13-24 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission. Z9 - VA Case Number is reported in positions 25-36 of the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

All FHA, VA, and RHS case numbers need to be complete and valid.

RLT03 128 Reference Identification Qualifier

M ID 2/2

Code qualifying the Reference Identification

VO Institution Loan Number

RLT04 127 Reference Identification

M AN 1/20

Reference information as defined for a particular Transaction Set or as specified by the Reference Identification Qualifier

Enter information based on the above identification code.

The Issuer Loan Number is reported in positions 38-57 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

RLT05 1093 Real Estate Loan Type Code

M ID 1/1

Code identifying the loan product category

The Loan Type is reported in position 37 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

2 Veterans Administration Loan

This value is reported as VA GI (code 2) in the

Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

3 Federal Housing Administration Loan

This value is reported as FHA Single Family (code 1)

in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

4 Farmers Home Administration Loan

This value is reported as RHS (code 3) in the

Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

7 Other Real Estate Loan

This value is reported as VA Vandee (code 4) in the

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Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

8 Federal Housing Administration Multifamily Loan
This value is reported as FHA Multifamily (code 5)

in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Z Mutually Defined

This value is reported as FHA Title I (code 6) in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: **DTP** Date or Time or Period

Position: 060
Loop: RLT
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To specify any or all of a date, a time, or a time period

Notes: DTP02 is the date or time or period format that will appear in DTP03.

Data Element Summary

		2 444 210110114 8 41111141 3				
Ref.	Data					
<u>Des.</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	<u>ributes</u>	
DTP01	374	Date/Time Qualifi	ier	M	ID 3/3	
		Code specifying type of date or time, or both date and time				
		731	Last Paid Installment Date			
DTP02	1250	Date Time Period	Format Qualifier	M	ID 2/2	
		Code indicating the date format, time format, or date and time format				
		D8	Date Expressed in Format CCYYMM	DD		
DTP03	1251	Date Time Period		M	AN 8/8	
		Expression of a date, a time, or range of dates, times or dates and times				
		Enter information based on the above identification code. Use the format CCYYMMDD.				

The Last Payment Date is reported in positions 157-164 of the Detail Record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: AMT Monetary Amount

Position: 070
Loop: RLT
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 2

Purpose: To indicate the total monetary amount

Notes: Two AMT segments are required for each loan.

Data Element Summary

		January 1 and 1 an				
Ref. Des. AMT01	Data Element 522	Name Amount Qua	alifier Code	Att M	ributes ID 2/2	
		Code to quali				
		UB	Unpaid Principal Balance			
		YE	Constant Principal and Interest			
AMT02	782	Monetary Amount		\mathbf{M}	R 1/10	
		Monetary am	ount			
		Do not includ	The last two digits			

Do not include decimal or sign in monetary amount. The last two digits of each reported amount are expected to be the cents portion of the amount. For example, \$123,456.99 should be entered as 12345699 or \$123,456.00 should be entered as 12345600. For Constant P&I use a maximum of 9 characters, and for Unpaid Principal Balance use a maximum of 10 characters.

UB - Unpaid Principal Balance is reported as Remaining Principal Balance in positions 191-200 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission. YE - Constant Principal and Interest is reported as Fixed Installment Control in positions 182-190 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

AMT03 478 Credit/Debit Flag Code M ID 1/1

Code indicating whether amount is a credit or debit

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Debit amounts represent positive numbers and require a "D" designator. Credit amounts represent negative numbers and require a "C" designator.

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Segment: INT Interest

Position: 090
Loop: RLT
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To specify interest rate and type and the applicable time period

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
INT01	547	Interest Ty	pe Code	M	ID 1/1
		Code identif	Tying the type of interest		
		C	Current Note Rate		
INT02	953	Interest Ra	te	\mathbf{M}	R 5/6

The interest rate as a percentage

The format for this element is six digits, no decimal, no sign. For example, 091250 indicates the interest rate 9.1250%.

The Interest Rate is reported in positions 165-170 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: NX2 Real Estate Property ID Component

Position: 110
Loop: RLT
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 4

Purpose: To define types and values for geographic location of real estate property

Notes: Four NX2 segments are required for each loan

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
NX201	1106	Address Component Qualifier			ID 2/2
		Code qualifying the type of address component			
		07	City Name		
		09	State Postal Code		
		15	Unstructured Street Address		
		19	Zip Code (9 Digit)		
NX202	166	Address Information		\mathbf{M}	AN 2/19
		Address info	rmation		
		The format for	or this element is as follows:		

Street Address = 2 to 19 characters
City = 2 to 18 characters
State = 2 characters
Zip = 9 characters

Unstructured Street Address is reported as Property Address in positions 92-110 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission. City is reported as Property City in positions 111-128 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission. State is reported as Property State in positions 129-130 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level

Submission. Zip is reported as Property Zip in positions 131-139 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

All address information needs to be complete and valid.

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Segment: N1 Name

Position: 120
Loop: N1
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To identify a party by type of organization, name, and code

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
N101	98	Entity Identi	ifier Code	\mathbf{M}	ID 2/2
		Code identify individual	ring an organizational entity, a physical loca	tion, o	r an
		BW	Borrower		
N102	93	Name		\mathbf{M}	AN 1/15
		Free-form nar	me		
		Borrower's La	ast Name is required for each loan.		
			ast Name is reported in positions 67-81 of the Loan Level Submission.	he deta	il record in
N103	66	Identification	n Code Qualifier	M	ID 2/2
		Code designa Identification	ting the system/method of code structure use Code (67)	ed for	
		34	Social Security Number		
N104	67	Identification	n Code	M	AN 9/9
		Code identify	ing a party or other code		
		Borrower's So	ocial Security Number is required for each le	oan. T	he format
		to report this	element does not include any dashes, comm	as, etc.	•

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Borrower's Social Security Number is reported in positions 58-66 of the

detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: N2 Additional Name Information

Position: 130
Loop: N1
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To specify additional names (i.e. Borrower's First Name)

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data			
<u>Des.</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>	Attı	<u>ributes</u>
N201	93	Name	M	AN 1/10

Free-form name

Borrower's First Name.

Borrower's First Name is reported in positions 82-91 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

Segment: **DTP** Date or Time or Period

Position: 140
Loop: N1
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 2

Purpose: To specify any or all of a date, a time, or a time period

Notes: DTP02 is the date or time or period format that will appear in DTP03.

Two DTP segments are required for each loan.

Ref.	Data						
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>		
DTP01	374	Date/Time Q	ualifier	M	ID 3/3		
		Code specifyi	ng type of date or time, or both date and time	•			
		564	Date of First Mortgage Payment				
		577	Original Maturity Date				
DTP02	1250	Date Time P	eriod Format Qualifier	M	ID 2/2		
		Code indicati	ng the date format, time format, or date and t	ime fo	ormat		
		D8	Date Expressed in Format CCYYMM	1DD			
DTP03	1251	Date Time P	eriod	M	AN 8/8		
		Expression of	a date, a time, or range of dates, times or da	tes an	d times		
			Date of first Mortgage Payment is reported as First Payment Date in positions 140-147 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level				
			Orignial Maturity Date is reported as Maturi	•			
			-155 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loa	ın Lev	vel		
		Submission.					

Segment: AMT Monetary Amount

Position: 150
Loop: N1
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 2

Purpose: To indicate the total monetary amount

Notes: Two AMT segments are required for each loan.

Data Element Summary

			Data Element Summary			
Ref.	Data					
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	ributes	
AMT01	522	Amount Qua	lifier Code	\mathbf{M}	ID 2/2	
		Code to qualif	y amount			
		PZ	Original Principal Balance			
		V1	Tax and Insurance Escrow Fund			
AMT02	782	Monetary An	nount	M	R 1/11	
		Monetary amo	ount			
		Do not include decimal or sign in monetary amount. The last two digits of each reported amount are expected to be the cents portion of the amount. For example, \$123,456.99 should be entered as 12345699 or				

of each reported amount are expected to be the cents portion of the amount. For example, \$123,456.99 should be entered as 12345699 or \$123,456.00 should be entered as 12345600. For Original Principal Balance use a maximum of 11 characters, and for Tax & Insurance Escrow Fund use a maximum of 10 characters.

Original Principal Balance is reported in positions 171-181 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission. Tax and Insurance Escrow Fund is reported as T&I Escrow Balance in positions 201-210 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.

AMT03 478 Credit/Debit Flag Code M ID 1/1

Code indicating whether amount is a credit or debit

Debit amounts represent positive numbers and require a "D" designator.

Credit amounts represent negative numbers and require a "C" designator.

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Segment: YNQ Yes/No Question

Position: 160
Loop: N1
Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To identify and answer yes and no questions, including the date, time, and comments further qualifying the condition

Notes: YNQ02 confirms or denies the statement made in YNQ01.

A "Y" indicates the statement is confirmed; A "N" indicates the statement is denied.

Ref.	Data						
<u>Des.</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	ributes		
YNQ01	1321	Condition 1	Indicator	\mathbf{M}	ID 2/2		
		Code indica	ting a condition				
		9 M	Foreclosure Proceedings Have Begun				
YNQ02	1073	Yes/No Cor	ndition or Response Code	\mathbf{M}	ID 1/1		
		Code indica	Code indicating a Yes or No condition or response				
			The Foreclosure Indicator is reported in position 156 of the detail record in the Quarterly Loan Level Submission.				
		N	No				
		Y	Yes				

Segment: **SE** Transaction Set Trailer

Position: 190

Loop:

Level: Detail
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To indicate the end of the transaction set and provide the count of the transmitted segments (including the beginning (ST) and

ending (SE) segments)

Notes: SE is the last segment of each transaction set.

Ref.	Data	·				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>	Attributes			
SE01	96	Number of Included Segments	M	N0 1/10		
		Total number of segments included in a transaction set incl SE segments	uding	g ST and		
		This is calculated by your Translation Software.				
SE02	329	Transaction Set Control Number	M	AN 4/9		
		Identifying control number that must be unique within the transaction functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction set				
		This is assigned by your Translation Software.				

997 Functional Acknowledgment

Functional Group ID=FA

Introduction:

This Draft Standard for Trial Use contains the format and establishes the data contents of the Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set (997) for use within the context of an Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) environment. The transaction set can be used to define the control structures for a set of acknowledgments to indicate the results of the syntactical analysis of the electronically encoded documents. The encoded documents are the transaction sets, which are grouped in functional groups, used in defining transactions for business data interchange. This standard does not cover the semantic meaning of the information encoded in the transaction sets.

	Pos.	Seg.		Req.		Loop	Notes and
<u>Page No.</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>ID</u>	<u>Name</u>	Des.	<u>Max.Use</u>	<u>Repeat</u>	<u>Comments</u>
3	010	ST	Transaction Set Header	M	1		n1
4	020	AK1	Functional Group Response Header	M	1		n2
			LOOP ID - AK2			999999	
5	030	AK2	Transaction Set Response Header	O	1		n3
			LOOP ID - AK3			999999	
6	040	AK3	Data Segment Note	O	1		c1
8	050	AK4	Data Element Note	O	99		
10	060	AK5	Transaction Set Response Trailer	M	1		
13	070	AK9	Functional Group Response Trailer	M	1		
16	080	SE	Transaction Set Trailer	M	1		

Transaction Set Notes

1. These acknowledgments shall not be acknowledged, thereby preventing an endless cycle of acknowledgments of acknowledgments. The Functional Group Header Segment (GS) is used to start the envelope for the Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Sets. In preparing the functional group of acknowledgments, the application sender's code and the application receiver's code, taken from the functional group being acknowledged, are exchanged; therefore, one acknowledgment functional group responds to only those functional groups from one application receiver's code to one application sender's code.

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- There is only one Functional Acknowledgment Transaction Set per acknowledged functional group.
- **2.** AK1 is used to respond to the functional group header and to start the acknowledgement for a functional group. There shall be one AK1 segment for the functional group that is being acknowledged.
- 3. AK2 is used to start the acknowledgement of a transaction set within the received functional group. The AK2 segments shall appear in the same order as the transaction sets in the functional group that has been received and is being acknowledged.

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Segment: ST Transaction Set Header

Position: 010

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To indicate the start of a transaction set and to assign a control number

Ref. Des. ST01	Data <u>Element</u> 143	Name Transaction Set Identifier Code	Att:	ributes ID 3/3		
		Code uniquely identifying a Transaction Set				
		997 X12.20 Functional Acknowledgment				
ST02	329	Transaction Set Control Number	M	AN 4/9		
		Identifying control number that must be unique within the transact functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction set				
		This control number is assigned by our translation softward to the 997 transaction. This element must match data element must must must must must must match data element must must must must must must must mus		-		

Segment: AK1 Functional Group Response Header

Position: 020

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To start acknowledgment of a functional group

Ref.	Data		•				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	<u>ributes</u>		
AK101	479	Functional Ident	tifier Code	M	ID 2/2		
		Code identifying	a group of application related transaction	sets			
		MH	Secondary Mortgage Market Investor	Repo	ort (203)		
AK102	28	Group Control 	Number	M	N0 1/9		
		Assigned number	Assigned number originated and maintained by the sender				
			This control number is assigned by our translation software. This number is taken from the GS segment of the 203 being acknowledged.				

Segment: AK2 Transaction Set Response Header

Position: 030 **Loop:** AK2

Level:

Usage: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To start acknowledgment of a single transaction set

Ref.	Data					
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>	Att	<u>ributes</u>		
AK201	143	Transaction Set Identifier Code	M	ID 3/3		
		Code uniquely identifying a Transaction Set				
		203 X12.340 Secondary Mortgage Market Report	Inve	stor		
AK202	329	Transaction Set Control Number	M	AN 4/9		
		Identifying control number that must be unique within the transaction set functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction set				
		This control number is assigned by our translation softward is taken from the ST segment of the 203 being acknowledge		is number		

Segment: AK3 Data Segment Note

Position: 040 **Loop:** AK3

Level:

Usage: Optional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To report errors in a data segment and identify the location of the data segment

Data Element Summary

			Butu Element Summary		
Ref.	Data				
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		Att	<u>ributes</u>
AK301	721	Segment ID Code		M	ID 2/3
		Code defining the s A - Number 77)	egment ID of the data segment in error	(See .	Appendix
		This is the segment	ID (e.g., BGN) of the segment that is in	n erro	or.
AK302	719	Segment Position	in Transaction Set	M	N0 1/6
			at position of this data segment from the transaction set header is count position		of the
AK303	447	Loop Identifier Co	ode	o	AN 1/4
			r given on the transaction set diagram is segments LS and LE	the	value for
AK304	720	Segment Syntax E	rror Code	O	ID 1/3
		Code indicating error	or found based on the syntax editing of	a seg	ment
		1	Unrecognized segment ID		
		2	Unexpected segment		
		3	Mandatory segment missing		
		4	Loop Occurs Over Maximum Times		
		5	Segment Exceeds Maximum Use		
		6	Segment Not in Defined Transaction S	et	
		7	Segment Not in Proper Sequence		

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Segment: AK4 Data Element Note

Position: 050 **Loop:** AK3

Level:

Usage: Optional Max Use: 99

Purpose: To report errors in a data element and identify the location of the data element

Data Element Summary

Ref.	Data		·				
<u>Des.</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>		
AK401	C030	Position in Segme	ent	M			
		relative position of position of the comstructure, in error;	Code indicating the relative position of a simple data element, or the relative position of a composite data structure combined with the relative position of the component data element within the composite data structure, in error; the count starts with 1 for the simple data element or composite data structure immediately following the segment ID				
AK402	725	Data Element Re	ference Number	O	N0 1/4		
		Reference number Dictionary	used to locate the data element in the D	ata El	ement		
AK403	723	Data Element Syr	ntax Error Code	M	ID 1/3		
		Code indicating the	e error found after syntax edits of a data	elem	ent		
		1	Mandatory data element missing				
		2	Conditional required data element mi	issing.			
		3	Too many data elements.				
		4	Data element too short.				
		5	Data element too long.				
		6	Invalid character in data element.				
		7	Invalid code value.				
		8	Invalid Date				

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- 9 Invalid Time
- 10 Exclusion Condition Violated

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Segment: AK5 Transaction Set Response Trailer

Position: 060 **Loop:** AK2

Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To acknowledge acceptance or rejection and report errors in a transaction set

Data Element Summary

	Duta Element Summary			
Data				
Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
717	Transaction Set A	cknowledgment Code	M	ID 1/1
	Code indicating accept or reject condition based on the syntax editing the transaction set		diting of	
	A	Accepted		
	E	Accepted But Errors Were Noted		
	R	Rejected		
718	Transaction Set S	yntax Error Code	O	ID 1/3
	Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction		nsaction set	
	1 Transaction Set Not Supported			
	2 Transaction Set Trailer Missing			
	Transaction Set Control Number in Header and Trailer Do Not Match		and	
	4 Number of Included Segments Does Not Match Actual Count		atch	
	5	One or More Segments in Error		
	6	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Id	entifie	er
	7	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Co	ontrol	Number
	Transaction Set Control Number Not Unique within the Functional Group		ue within	
	Element 717	Element 717 Transaction Set A Code indicating act the transaction set A E R 718 Transaction Set S Code indicating err 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	DataName717Transaction Set Acknowledgment CodeCode indicating accept or reject condition based on the synthe transaction setAAcceptedEAccepted But Errors Were NotedRRejected718Transaction Set Syntax Error CodeCode indicating error found based on the syntax editing of1Transaction Set Not Supported2Transaction Set Trailer Missing3Transaction Set Control Number in H Trailer Do Not Match4Number of Included Segments Does N Actual Count5One or More Segments in Error6Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Co Transaction Set Control Number Not	Data Name Att 717 Transaction Set Acknowledgment Code M Code indicating accept or reject condition based on the syntax enthe transaction set A Accepted E Accepted But Errors Were Noted R Rejected 718 Transaction Set Syntax Error Code O Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction Set Not Supported 2 1 Transaction Set Not Supported 2 Transaction Set Trailer Missing 3 Transaction Set Control Number in Header Trailer Do Not Match 4 Number of Included Segments Does Not Mactual Count 5 One or More Segments in Error 6 Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Identified 7 Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Control 23 Transaction Set Control Number Not Unique

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AK503	718	Transaction Set S	Syntax Error Code	0	ID 1/3
		Code indicating en	or found based on the syntax editing of	a tran	saction set
		1	Transaction Set Not Supported		
		2	Transaction Set Trailer Missing		
		3	Transaction Set Control Number in Header and Trailer Do Not Match		and
		4	Number of Included Segments Does N Actual Count	Not M	atch
		5	One or More Segments in Error		
		6	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Ide	entifie	er
		7	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Co	ontrol	Number
		23	Transaction Set Control Number Not the Functional Group	Uniqu	e within
AK504	718	Transaction Set S	yntax Error Code	O	ID 1/3
		Code indicating en	ror found based on the syntax editing of	a tran	saction set
		1	Transaction Set Not Supported		
		2	Transaction Set Trailer Missing		
		3	3 Transaction Set Control Number in Header an Trailer Do Not Match		and
		4	Number of Included Segments Does N Actual Count	Not M	atch
		5	One or More Segments in Error		
		6	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Ide	entifie	er
		7	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Co	ontrol	Number
		23	Transaction Set Control Number Not the Functional Group	Uniqu	e within
AK505	718	Transaction Set S	yntax Error Code	O	ID 1/3
		Code indicating em	ror found based on the syntax editing of	a tran	saction set
		1	Transaction Set Not Supported		
		2	Transaction Set Trailer Missing		

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		3	Transaction Set Control Number in Header and Trailer Do Not Match
		4	Number of Included Segments Does Not Match Actual Count
		5	One or More Segments in Error
		6	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Identifier
		7	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Control Number
		23	Transaction Set Control Number Not Unique within the Functional Group
AK506	718	Transaction S	tet Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3
	Code indicating	g error found based on the syntax editing of a transaction se	
		1	Transaction Set Not Supported
		2	Transaction Set Trailer Missing
		3	Transaction Set Control Number in Header and Trailer Do Not Match
		4	Number of Included Segments Does Not Match Actual Count
		5	One or More Segments in Error
		6	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Identifier
		7	Missing or Invalid Transaction Set Control Number
		23	Transaction Set Control Number Not Unique within the Functional Group

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Segment: $\mathbf{AK9}$ Functional Group Response Trailer

Position: 070

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To acknowledge acceptance or rejection of a functional group and report the number of included transaction sets from the

original trailer, the accepted sets, and the received sets in this functional group

Notes: If AK901 contains the value "A" or "E", then the transmitted functional group is

accepted. If AK901 contains the value "R", then the transmitted group is rejected.

Ref.	Data		•		
Des.	Element	<u>Name</u>		<u>Att</u>	<u>ributes</u>
AK901	715	Functional Group	o Acknowledge Code	M	ID 1/1
		Code indicating acthe functional grou	cept or reject condition based on the symp	ntax e	diting of
		A	Accepted		
		E	Accepted, But Errors Were Noted.		
		P	Partially Accepted, At Least One Tran Was Rejected	nsacti	on Set
		R	Rejected		
AK902	97	Number of Trans	action Sets Included	M	N0 1/6
		Total number of transaction sets included in the functional group or interchange (transmission) group terminated by the trailer containing the data element		-	
AK903	123	Number of Recei	ved Transaction Sets	M	N0 1/6
		Number of Transac	ction Sets received		
AK904	2	Number of Accep	ted Transaction Sets	M	N0 1/6
		Number of accepte	ed Transaction Sets in a Functional Grou	ıp	
AK905	716	Functional Group	o Syntax Error Code	O	ID 1/3

Code indicating error found based on the syntax editing of the functional group header and/or trailer

		U 1	
		1	Functional Group Not Supported
		2	Functional Group Version Not Supported
		3	Functional Group Trailer Missing
		4	Group Control Number in the Functional Group Header and Trailer Do Not Agree
		5	Number of Included Transaction Sets Does Not Match Actual Count
		6	Group Control Number Violates Syntax
AK906	716	Functional Group	o Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3
		Code indicating err group header and/o	ror found based on the syntax editing of the functional or trailer
		1	Functional Group Not Supported
		2	Functional Group Version Not Supported
		3	Functional Group Trailer Missing
		4	Group Control Number in the Functional Group Header and Trailer Do Not Agree
		5	Number of Included Transaction Sets Does Not Match Actual Count
		6	Group Control Number Violates Syntax
AK907	716	Functional Group	o Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3
		Code indicating err group header and/o	ror found based on the syntax editing of the functional or trailer
		1	Functional Group Not Supported
		2	Functional Group Version Not Supported
		3	Functional Group Trailer Missing
		4	Group Control Number in the Functional Group Header and Trailer Do Not Agree
		5	Number of Included Transaction Sets Does Not Match Actual Count

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		6	Group Control Number Violates Syntax	
AK908	716	Functional Group	o Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3	
		_	ndicating error found based on the syntax editing of the functional neader and/or trailer	
		1	Functional Group Not Supported	
		2	Functional Group Version Not Supported	
		3	Functional Group Trailer Missing	
		4	Group Control Number in the Functional Group Header and Trailer Do Not Agree	
		5	Number of Included Transaction Sets Does Not Match Actual Count	
		6	Group Control Number Violates Syntax	
AK909	716	Functional Group	o Syntax Error Code O ID 1/3	
		Code indicating err group header and/o	ror found based on the syntax editing of the functional or trailer	
		1	Functional Group Not Supported	
		2	Functional Group Version Not Supported	
		3	Functional Group Trailer Missing	
		4	Group Control Number in the Functional Group Header and Trailer Do Not Agree	
		5	Number of Included Transaction Sets Does Not Match Actual Count	
		6	Group Control Number Violates Syntax	

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Segment: **SE** Transaction Set Trailer

Position: 080

Loop: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To indicate the end of the transaction set and provide the count of the transmitted segments (including the beginning (ST) and

ending (SE) segments)

Ref. Des. SE01	Data <u>Element</u> 96	Name Number of Included Segments	Att M	ributes N0 1/10
		Total number of segments included in a transaction set incl SE segments	uding	g ST and
SE02	329	Transaction Set Control Number	M	AN 4/9
		Identifying control number that must be unique within the t functional group assigned by the originator for a transaction		
		This control number is assigned by our translation software and is to the 997 transaction. This element must match data element STO		-

Appendix A: EDI Fact Sheet – Spring 2000

Ginnie Mae employs the American National Standards Institute's ASC X12 203 transaction set: Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report. This is the standard format used to communicate loan level investor reporting information. We are pleased to report that we are fully EDI ANSI Compliant. Here are some quick EDI Facts:

- Ginnie Mae began implementing EDI with its issuer community in July 1997
- Ginnie Mae offers EDI training for its trading partner community at its Business Center in Washington, DC
- Additional EDI program information is communicated through direct mail, All Participant Memos (APMs), and Ginnie Mae's Website (www.ginniemae.gov)

Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) is the direct application-to-application exchange of business transactions between one or more mutually agreeable business partners in a standardized format. EDI uses transaction sets to create a standard format for the information being exchanged, translation software to format and edit the information, and a variety of telecommunication methods to exchange the information.

The goals of Ginnie Mae's EDI program are to simplify the reporting process for the issuer community and to increase responsiveness to issuer service needs and requests. In addition, the establishment of the EDI program is an essential step in moving toward compliance with industry-wide reporting standards, which will "lessen the load" of each member of the issuer community.

Ginnie Mae expects that all participants in its EDI program will benefit from implementing EDI for investor reporting. Several advantages of exchanging data electronically in a standard format include:

- The ability to submit the same EDI transaction set, utilizing agency-specific maps, to all your government trading partners
- The ability to receive faster feedback from Ginnie Mae about the success of your loan processing submissions
- The ability to receive information from Ginnie Mae about problems with the reported data in time to correct it for the next quarterly cycle

We are fully committed to our EDI program and we look forward to including every member of Ginnie Mae's issuer community as a trading partner, so that both Ginnie Mae and each of you will reap the benefits that this program offers.

For more information about Ginnie Mae's EDI program, please call our EDI Hotline at:

1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1

Appendix B: Glossary 1

ANSI: American National Standards Institute. This organization is the coordinator for

national standards in the United States. It is a member of non-treaty international standards organizations, and coordinates the activities involved in US participation

in these groups.

Application Software: Software used in a business environment to perform functions specific to the job

requirements. Functions typically performed in the mortgage banking industry

include loan origination, loan servicing, and investor reporting.

ASC X12: Accredited Standards Committee X12, Electronic Data Interchange. An ANSI

committee, chartered to develop uniform standards for electronic exchange of

business transactions.

Authentication: A method by which it can be ensured that the sender and receiver of electronic

messages are valid and authorized to transmit the associated message.

Bandwidth: The amount of data that can be transmitted in a fixed amount of time. A larger

amount of information can be sent in a given amount of time over a

telecommunications method with a greater bandwidth. For digital devices, the bandwidth is usually expressed in bits-per-second (bps) or bytes-per-second.

Bulletin Board System

(BBS):

An electronic file depository that allows for file uploading and

downloading. The Ginnie Mae BBS is currently used for both the Ginnie Mae

Data Exchange (IIS/BBS) and EDI file transfers.

Commercial-off-the-

Shelf (COTS):

A commercially available, pre-configured, software package.

Communication

Protocol:

An agreed-upon format for transmitting data between two devices.

The protocol may determine, for example, the type of error checking and the data compression method used. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol

(TCP/IP) is an example.

Communications

Software:

Software necessary to add appropriate protocols to the EDI

document in preparation for transmission over telecommunications networks.

¹ Many of the terms and definitions in this glossary are from 1) EDIQUETTE, 8610 Baltimore-Washington Boulevard, Suite 218, Jessup, MD 20974 and 2) Jilovec, N. <u>The A to Z of EDI: The Comprehensive Guide to Electronic Data Interchange</u>. Duke Communications/Duke Press, 1997.

Data Element: Smallest building block in the EDI standard (qualifier, data value or textual

comment) with two primary attributes: length and type. Similar to a field in a

database record. (Also see Element.)

Delimiter: A special character used to separate fields of data. The three different delimiters

that are used in an EDI file are the segment delimiter, the element delimiter, and

the sub-element delimiter.

DISA: Data Interchange Standards Association. Secretariat for ANSI ASC X12.

Document: Structured file that is sent to a trading partner. With ASC X12 usage, a document

is a transaction set.

DUNS Number: A nine-digit number assigned and maintained by Dun and Bradstreet to identify

unique business establishments. DUNS numbers are assigned worldwide and

include US, Canadian, and international organizations.

EDI: Electronic Data Interchange. EDI is the application-to-application exchange of

business data in a standardized format.

EDIFACT: EDI for Administration, Commerce and Trade. International EDI Standard set by

the United Nations and administered in the US by DISA.

Electronic Envelope: An electronic envelope consists of codes that mark the boundaries of electronic

documents. The electronic envelope contains EDI documents, sender and receiver

information.

Electronic Mailbox: A term used to refer to the place where an EDI transmission is stored for pick-up

or delivery within a third-party service system (VAN).

Electronic Signature: A form of authentication that lets you identify and validate a transaction by means

of an authorization code.

Element: A building block in an EDI document. Elements are grouped together to produce

segments, which in turn are grouped together to form an EDI document. (Also see

Data Element.)

Flat File: Sometimes referred to as interface file, is designed to hold EDI data prior to and

following translation or transmission to and from a trading partner.

Frame RelayA telecommunications network that is based on a packet-switching

Network: protocol for connecting devices on a Wide Area Network (WAN). With a Frame

Relay network, the data is multiplexed and sent in variable length frames.

FTP: File Transfer Protocol. A common way to move files between computers over the

Internet. Anonymous FTP gives users access (without an ID and password) to

areas on a remote system that contain public files.

Functional An ASC X12 transaction set (997), which acts as a certified mail

Acknowledgment: receipt to confirm that the intended recipient actually received the EDI documents

that have been sent. Provides transaction syntax level error reporting.

Functional Group: Collection of related transaction sets. Beginning (GS) and ending (GE) segments

are used to envelope a complete functional group together.

Gateway: The interconnection between public or private networks, allowing transmission of

documents in X12 format across multiple networks. Also called an interconnect.

Hardware: The physical equipment (computers, modems, and printers) which is used in data

processing.

Interchange: Collection of functional groups sent from one trading partner to another.

ISDN: Integrated Services Digital Network is an all digital communications line that

enables voice, data, video, and graphics to be sent over a single ordinary telephone

line at speeds up to three times faster than a typical dial-up phone line.

ISO: International Standards Organization. The organization that oversees the ongoing

development and support of international standards.

Mapping: A process of identifying the relationship of standard EDI data elements to

application data elements. A map is the link between a trading partner's proprietary

data format and the related EDI transaction set.

Network Required device for all ISDN connections. Provides the connection

Terminator 1 (NT1): from the subscriber's equipment to the ISDN lines by converting the "S/T"

interface to the ISDN "U" interface.

Proprietary Industry-specific or company specific data formats that do not

comply with X12, EDIFACT, or other widely used EDI standards.

Qualifier: Data element used to identify the type of information that gives a segment or

element meaning.

Router: A device used to interconnect networks that use different protocols and media.

Identifies the optimal path for sending data across complex internetworks.

Segment: A group of elements which, when appropriately assembled, comprise an EDI

document.

Sender/Receiver ID: A unique number or series of characters that identifies a trading partner on all EDI

networks.

Service Bureau: A commercial service providing data storage, reporting and telecommunication

links. Also a third party supplier of EDI services.

Standard: An EDI format, created by consensus of industry participants.

T-1 Dedicated Line: A dedicated digital communications line that is comprised of

24 - 56 Kbps data channels and a transmission rate of 1.544 Mbps.

TCP/IP: Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol). The rules that stablish the

method by which data is transmitted over the internet between two computers.

Standards:

Trading Partner: Vendor or other party with whom an EDI transaction set is exchanged.

Translation Software: Software that is used to translate EDI data to a company's proprietary format and

vice versa.

VAN: Value Added Network. A third-party service that acts as an electronic postal

> system for EDI transactions. VANs are equipped to accept a variety of telecommunications protocols, thus enabling connectivity between organizations

with different telecommunications protocols.

Web-Base EDI **Application:**

Application providing an on-line data entry screen for issuers to submit loan

level data.

X12: The ANSI subcommittee that is specifically charged with responsibility for

maintaining and developing EDI standards.

Appendix C: Ginnie Mae EDI Implementation Checklist

The Ginnie Mae EDI Implementation Checklist has been provided as a tool to assist you in your Ginnie Mae EDI efforts. This document is presented as a table with three columns: Check Marks, Steps, and Expected Outcomes. The "Steps" and "Expected Outcomes" columns provide guidance for you as you step through the processes of becoming an active trading partner in our program.

Becoming an active trading partner in our EDI Program will take approximately 16 weeks. However, actual implementation time will vary depending upon your organizational needs.

Ginnie Mae EDI Implementation Checklist

(check when completed)	Step 1: Plan Ginnie Mae Implementation	Expected Outcomes
	Plan Ginnie Mae Implementation	Defined Team Roles & Responsibilities
	Hold Internal Kickoff Meeting	Project Plan
		Preliminary Ginnie Mae Testing Schedule
	Contact Ginnie Mae EDI Team	Connection Method Recommendation
	Submit EDI System Agreement and Trading Partner Profile	• Introduction to the Ginnie Mae 203 Map
		Estimated EDI Hardware, Software, and Training Budget
		Completed EDI System Agreement and Trading Partner Profile
	Step 2: Assess and Evaluate Technology	Expected Outcomes
	Evaluate and Select Operating Platform	Operating Platform Assessment
		Operating Platform "Short List"
	Identify Available EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products	Software Evaluation Criteria and Results
		Software Package "Short List"
	Develop a Short List of EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products	Vendor Reference Checks
	English and Called EDITE 112 C. C. C.	Application Interface Impact Analysis
	Evaluate and Select EDI Translation Software and Telecommunications Products	Application Interface Requirements Analysis and Design

Plan Application Interface	Updated Project Plan
 Develop Configuration and Test Strategy	

(check when completed)	Step 3: Schedule Testing with Ginnie Mae	Expected Outcomes
	Schedule EDI System Test with Ginnie Mae's EDI Team	 Confirmed Telecommunications Method Confirmed Ginnie Mae Testing Schedule Defined Testing Procedures Project Plan Updated with Testing Dates
	Step 4: Establish EDI Environment	Expected Outcomes
	Purchase Hardware and Software Configure Hardware and Software Establish and Test Telecommunications Connection Develop Application Interface Perform EDI Unit Testing	 Hardware and Software Procurement Package (e.g., vendor bids, purchase orders, technical documentation) Hardware and Software, Installation, Configuration and Testing Functional Communications Method Developed and Modified Application Interface Unit Test Plans and Results

Step 5: Test EDI System	Expected Outcomes
Meet Test Criteria	Test EDI Submission
Validate Test Submissions	Comparison File Submission Receipt of 997 Functional
Repeat Process	 Acknowledgment Receipt of Test Submission Status Report (from Ginnie Mae EDI Team)
	Three (3) "Clean" Test Submissions
Step 6: Move into Production	Expected Outcomes
Schedule First Production Submission	Production EDI Submission
Submit Data Using EDI	
	Meet Test Criteria Validate Test Submissions Repeat Process Step 6: Move into Production Schedule First Production Submission

If you have any questions or issues during your EDI implementation, please call the Ginnie Mae Hotline: 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1

Appendix D: Electronic Data Interchange System Agreement

The purpose of the EDI System Agreement is to clarify:

- Ginnie Mae's intentions and expectations about its EDI program
- Assumptions about Ginnie Mae and Trading Partner roles in Ginnie Mae's EDI program
- Logistics about the electronic exchange of EDI documents, including;
 - General specifications (standards, document types, telecommunications method)
 - Technical specifications (acknowledgments, communications, security)
 - Policies and Procedures
- Specific Legal Issues

Even though you may have always submitted your loan data to Ginnie Mae using physical electronic media, a system agreement is required for EDI because EDI will change the format and flow of the information between you and Ginnie Mae.

The following EDI System Agreement will need to be signed by your company's officials and submitted to Ginnie Mae before the exchange of production EDI data can begin.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Issuers using GinnieNET may have already signed this agreement and sent it to The Chase Manhattan Bank. Another signed agreement or a copy should be sent to Ginnie Mae.

Please mail all Executed EDI Systems Agreements and Authorized Signatories forms to:

Ginnie Mae c/o ACS GSG Monique Squalls, EDI Coordinator 4 Choke Cherry Road Rockville, MD 20850

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Electronic Data Interchange System Agreement

This Electronic Data Interchange System Agreemen	nt (the "Agreement") is made by and between the
Government National Mortgage Association ("Gin	nie Mae"), a corporation within the United States
Department of Housing and Urban Development,	with an office at 451 Seventh Street, S.W.,
Washington, D.C. 20410 and	(the "Issuer"), a
Corporation, with offices at	

RECITALS

Ginnie Mae and the Issuer desire to facilitate the electronic exchange of information by electronically transmitting and receiving data in agreed formats in substitution for conventional paper-based documents. As used in this Agreement, electronic data interchange ("EDI") includes the GinnieNET System as well as other systems used by Ginnie Mae and its Issuers for various purposes, including but not limited to, the pooling of mortgages as security for Ginnie Mae guaranteed Mortgage-Backed Securities ("MBS") and investor reporting. Such EDI transmissions shall be accomplished by electronically transmitting and receiving data in agreed formats via the telecommunications options and methods specified by the appropriate Ginnie Mae MBS Guide(s).

The use of EDI is mutually beneficial to Ginnie Mae and the Issuer, and both parties intend for all such transactions that comply with applicable requirements to be legally binding, valid and enforceable. This Agreement prescribes the general procedures and policies to be followed when using EDI to transmit and receive information in lieu of using paper documents normally associated with or required to create Ginnie Mae MBS, for investor reporting, or for other purposes or transactions.

NOW THEREFORE, the parties, intending to be legally bound agree as follows:

Section 1. Prerequisites

1.1 <u>Documents: Standards</u>. Ginnie Mae or its designated agent and the Issuer or its agent, so long as such agent is approved by Ginnie Mae, may electronically transmit to or receive from each other various documents and acknowledgements ("Documents"). Transmissions of data or documents that comply with the requirements of the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guides ("Ginnie Mae MBS Guides") and the Ginnie Mae Guaranty or Contractual Agreement shall have the same force and effect as paper-based documents executed by the parties. Any EDI transmission of data or Documents that does not comply with the requirements of the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides, Ginnie Mae's guaranty and its obligations under the Guaranty or Contractual Agreement shall not take

effect. All Documents shall be transmitted in accordance with the standards set forth in the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides.

- 1.2 <u>Document EDI Transmission</u>. Documents shall be transmitted utilizing one of the telecommunications options described in the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides, directly or through a third party service provider ("Provider") as specified by Ginnie Mae or its designated agent. The Issuer shall be responsible for the costs of any Provider, unless otherwise set forth in the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides. Ginnie Mae does not waive this provision by providing Issuers with complimentary Document Transmission for any period of time. Ginnie Mae shall not be liable for the acts or omissions of the Provider while transmitting, receiving, storing or handling Documents, or performing related activities, for either party.
- 1.3 <u>System Operations</u>. Each party, at its own expense, shall provide and maintain its own equipment, software, services and testing necessary to effectively and reliably transmit and receive Documents. Issuers shall provide and maintain such equipment, software or services as may be necessary to effectively and reliably transmit and receive documents.
- 1.4 <u>System Changes</u>. The Issuer shall not make any changes in systems operations which impair the mutual capabilities of the parties to communicate as contemplated by this Agreement. Ginnie Mae shall have the sole authority and discretion to make all necessary system changes. All such system changes by Ginnie Mae shall be made within appropriate and reasonable time periods.
- 1.5 <u>Security Procedures</u>. Issuers shall properly use security procedures, including those specified in the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides to ensure that all EDI transmissions of Documents are authorized and to protect the EDI transmissions and data from improper access. The Issuer has an affirmative obligation to maintain the security and integrity of the EDI transmissions.
- 1.6 <u>Record Storage</u>. Issuers shall store and retain records of the Documents transmitted under this Agreement in compliance with generally accepted mortgage banking and MBS industry standards and any requirements as may be specified by Ginnie Mae in the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides.
- 1.7 <u>Signatures</u>. The Issuer shall adopt as its signature the electronic identification(s), of the type and in the manner that Ginnie Mae, in its discretion, directs, to be used by one or more persons with the actual and apparent authority of the Issuer and attached to or contained in each Document transmitted by the Issuer ("Signatures"). Each party agrees that any Signature shall be sufficient to verify that the Issuer originated such Document.

1.8 Definitions

<u>Documents</u>: Any and all electronic files and media containing information transmitted or submitted to Ginnie Mae, its designated agent, the Issuer, or the Issuer's agents via EDI transmissions.

<u>GinnieNET</u>: Ginnie Mae's electronic MBS pool submission computer network system maintained by Ginnie Mae's PPA and detailed in the appropriate Ginnie Mae MBS Guides.

<u>GinnieNET Guides</u>: Part of the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides, containing information on requirements for issuers and document custodians using Ginnie Mae's electronic MBS pool submission computer network system, as amended from time to time. These can be obtained from Ginnie Mae's PPA.

<u>Ginnie Mae's Pool Processing Agent ("PPA")</u>: Ginnie Mae's agent for the processing of MBS pools responsible for maintaining the GinnieNET system.

<u>Ginnie Mae MBS Guides</u>: Handbooks GNMA 5500.1, 5500.2, and Guides covering Ginnie Mae EDI requirements, as amended from time to time.

<u>Guaranty or Contractual Agreement</u>: The agreement which details the relationship and obligations created between an Issuer and Ginnie Mae as guarantor of the MBS.

<u>Issuer</u>: An approved participant in the Ginnie Mae MBS programs that has entered into a Guaranty or Contractual Agreement with Ginnie Mae, for purposes of issuing MBS.

<u>Schedule of Subscribers and Ginnie Mae Guaranty/Contractual Agreement</u>: The document to be electronically signed by the Issuer and submitted via GinnieNET necessary to create the new Ginnie Mae MBS. This document incorporates the terms of the Guaranty or Contractual Agreement and the provisions of the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides.

- <u>1.9 Reference</u>. This Agreement, in addition to the terms and conditions contained herein, shall be controlled by the terms and conditions of the following documents:
 - 1. The Guaranty or Contractual Agreement between Ginnie Mae and the Issuer and the Schedule of Subscribers and Ginnie Mae Guaranty/Contractual Agreement;
 - 2. The Ginnie Mae MBS Guides;
 - 3. Title III of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.) and Ginnie Mae's regulations (24 C.F.R. Part 300 et seq.); and

Section 2. EDI Transmissions

- 2.1 <u>Proper Receipt</u>. Documents shall not be deemed to have been received by Ginnie Mae until accessible to Ginnie Mae or its designated agent.
- 2.2 <u>Verification</u>. The Issuer shall have the ability to verify receipt of a Document by Ginnie Mae and its designated agent through the inquiry function of the electronic tracking ability of the EDI transmission. The Issuer may also use the inquiry function to verify receipt of Documents by, among other entities, the Issuer's Document Custodian, to ascertain pool certification status, and receipt of the Document by Ginnie Mae's designated agent.
- 2.3 <u>Acceptance</u>. For EDI transmissions related to pool submissions, no Document shall be deemed accepted by Ginnie Mae unless and until the PPA, if so authorized by Ginnie Mae, issues and releases corresponding MBS to the Issuer or its assignee. Mere receipt of a Document by Ginnie Mae or the PPA shall not create any liability or obligation on the part of Ginnie Mae or the PPA unless and until the PPA notifies the Issuer that the submitted Document has been accepted and the corresponding MBS have been issued and released in accordance with the preceding sentence.
- 2.4 <u>Garbled or Failed EDI Transmissions</u>. If any transmitted Document is received in an unintelligible or garbled form, the receiving party shall promptly notify the originating party (if identifiable from the received Document) in a reasonable manner. If the originating party cannot be identified, no notice will be required. The Issuer bears the risk of any system failures that result in failed or garbled EDI transmissions. The Issuer must resubmit any failed or garbled transmission in order for a Document to be effective.

Section 3. Transaction Terms

- 3.1 <u>Terms and Conditions</u>. For EDI transmissions related to pool submissions, this Agreement is to be considered part of the Guaranty or Contractual Agreement between Ginnie Mae and the Issuer. In the absence of any other written agreement applicable to any transaction made pursuant to this Agreement, such transaction (and any related communication) also shall be subject to those terms and conditions included in the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides. For EDI transmissions related to other transactions, this Agreement is to be considered part of the transaction between Ginnie Mae and the Issuer or the Issuer's agent.
- 3.2 <u>Confidentiality</u>. No information contained in any Document or otherwise exchanged between the parties shall be considered confidential, except as provided in Section 1.5, by written agreement between the parties or by applicable law.
- 3.3 Validity: Enforceability.
- 3.3.1 This Agreement has been executed by the parties to evidence their mutual intent to create binding obligations, subject to the requirements and conditions stated herein and in the Guaranty or Contractual Agreements between them, and the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides.
- 3.3.2 Any Document properly transmitted pursuant to this Agreement shall be considered, in connection with any transaction, any other written agreement described in Section 3.1, or this Agreement, to be a "writing" or "in writing". Any Document when containing, or to which there is affixed, a Signature ("Signed Document") shall be deemed for all purposes (a) to have been "signed" and (b) to constitute an "original" when printed from electronic files and records established and maintained by either party in the normal course of business.
- 3.3.3 Any Document properly submitted pursuant to this agreement, in connection with any transaction, shall be deemed for all purposes to have been notarized and submitted under the Issuer's proper corporate seal.
- 3.3.4 The Issuer agrees not to contest the validity or enforceability of Signed Documents properly received, under the provisions of any applicable law relating to whether certain agreements are to be in writing or signed by the party to be bound thereby. The Issuer expressly waives any right to object to the validity of a transaction solely on the grounds that communication between Ginnie Mae and the Issuer occurred through the use of EDI technology. Signed Documents, if introduced as evidence on paper in any judicial, arbitration, mediation or administrative proceedings, will be admissible as between the parties to the same extent and under the same conditions as other business records originated and maintained in documentary form. Neither party shall contest the admissibility of copies of Signed Documents under either the business records exception to the hearsay rule or the best evidence rule on the basis that the Signed Documents were not originated or maintained in documentary form.
- 3.3.5 Each Signed Document shall constitute a statement made to the United States Government for purposes of Titles 18 and 31 of the United States Code and 24 C.F.R. Part 28.

Section 4. Miscellaneous

4.1 <u>Termination</u>. With regard to pools of mortgages that the Issuer has not yet sought to form and MBS that the Issuer has not yet sought to issue, this Agreement shall remain in effect until

terminated by either party in writing with notice to the other party. The termination of this Agreement shall not affect the respective obligations and rights of the parties arising under Documents which have already resulted in the issuance of MBS prior to the termination date of this Agreement. All rights of Issuer under this Agreement shall be immediately terminated upon the issuance of a letter to the Issuer by Ginnie Mae declaring the Issuer in default of its obligations under its Guaranty or Contractual Agreement with Ginnie Mae.

- 4.2 <u>Severability</u>. Any provision of this Agreement which is determined to be invalid or unenforceable will be ineffective to the extent of such determination without invalidating the remaining provisions of this Agreement or affecting the validity or enforceability of such remaining provisions.
- 4.3 Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Ginnie Mae MBS Guides constitute the complete agreement of the parties relating to the matters specified in this Agreement and supersede all prior representations or agreements, whether oral or written, with respect to such matters. No oral modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement shall be binding on either party. No obligation to enter into any Transaction and issue or approve MBS is to be implied from the execution or delivery of this Agreement. This Agreement is for the benefit of, and shall be binding upon, the parties and their respective successors and assigns.
- 4.4 <u>Force Majeure</u>. If standard business cannot be conducted by EDI, Ginnie Mae or the Issuer may in the event of such an emergency return to a paper based document system for processing the business Documents described in this agreement. The processing deadlines and time frames for any paper submissions shall be those previously in effect for all mortgage pool submission paper documents or as set by Ginnie Mae and its agents as appropriate in the emergency circumstance.
- 4.5 <u>Limitation of Liability and Damages</u>. Ginnie Mae shall not be liable to the Issuer for any damages, loss, cost or expense of any type whatsoever arising out of or related to use of the GinnieNET system or any other system or any delay, omission or error in electronic transmission or receipt of any Documents pursuant to this Agreement. Ginnie Mae shall not be liable to the Issuer for any damages resulting from Ginnie Mae's refusal to issue MBS for mortgage pools submitted via the GinnieNET system or for any damages or losses sustained by an Issuer, its agents or creditors resulting from Ginnie Mae's issuance of a letter finding the Issuer in default of a Guaranty or Contractual Agreement. Should the Issuer default on its obligations under a Guaranty or Contractual Agreement, the Issuer will be liable to Ginnie Mae for any damages or loss incurred by Ginnie Mae due to the Issuer's default. By entering into this Agreement, Ginnie Mae assumes no liability, duty or obligation to any person or entity who is not a party to this Agreement. There are no third party beneficiaries to this Agreement.
- 4.6 <u>Effective Date</u>. The effective date of this Agreement will be the latest of the dates shown on the signature page of this document.
- 4.7 <u>Choice of Law</u>. This Agreement shall be construed, and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder determined, in accordance with Federal law.
- 4.8 <u>Drafting Presumption</u>. The rule of construction that agreements are to be construed against the drafter is not to be applied in construing this Agreement.

By:	
Title:	
Date:	
Issuer Name:	
Issuer Number:	
Corporate Seal By:	
Title:	

Government National Mortgage Association:

Date:_____

Appendix E: Technical Support Guidelines

During the course of your Ginnie Mae EDI implementation, you may encounter questions or problems at various points. The following table is presented to help you identify who could best resolve your questions or problems. Of course, if you have questions about who to call that are not answered here, please call 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.

QUESTION/PROBLEM	CONTACT POINT
------------------	---------------

Ap	Application Interface				
•	I will need to modify my loan processing system to interface to my translation software and I have some questions.	1)	Call your loan processing system administrator and/or your translation software customer service representative.		
BE	3S				
•	How do I establish a BBS connection?	1)	Call the Ginnie Mae Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 2.		
•	I connect to Ginnie Mae using the BBS and I keep getting a busy signal.	1)	Call the Ginnie Mae Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 2.		
•	I connect to Ginnie Mae using the BBS and I keep experiencing communications errors.	1)	Call the Ginnie Mae Hotline to let them know you're experiencing problems.		
•	I connect to Ginnie Mae using the BBS and the line keeps dropping.	1)	Call the Ginnie Mae Hotline to let them know you're experiencing problems.		
		2)	Call your telecommunications provider.		
IS	DN				
•	How do I establish an ISDN connection?	1)	Work with your internal systems department.		
		2)	Contact your telephone company for assistance.		
•	I connect to Ginnie Mae using ISDN and I keep getting a busy signal.	1)	Call the Ginnie Mae Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.		
•	I connect to Ginnie Mae using ISDN and I keep experiencing communications errors.	1)	Call the Ginnie Mae Hotline to let them know you're experiencing problems.		
		2)	Call your telecommunications provider.		
•	I connect to Ginnie Mae using ISDN and the	1)	Call the Ginnie Mae Hotline to let them know		

QUESTION/PROBLEM	CONTACT POINT
line keeps dropping.	you're experiencing problems.
	2) Call your telecommunications provider.
Mapping	
What are Ginnie Mae's special requirements for the 203 transaction set?	1) Contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Coordinator at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.
I'm confused about how the current loan level layout will be represented in the 203 transaction set.	1) Contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Coordinator at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.
Service Bureau Clients	
I am a service bureau client. How do I comply with Ginnie Mae's requirements to become EDI capable?	1) Contact your service bureau representative. Ask them to call 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1 for an Implementation Guide.
I am a service bureau client and I keep getting error reports from Ginnie Mae about the quality of my data.	1) Call 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1 to learn the nature of the error, and the correct data format.
Telecommunications	
What telecommunications hardware should I use?	1) Work with your internal systems department to identify viable hardware, software and telecommunications options.
	2) Contact your telephone company for assistance.
Testing with Ginnie Mae	
When will I need to submit my first test transmission to Ginnie Mae?	1) Contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Coordinator at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.
What are the testing procedures and guidelines?	1) Contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Coordinator at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.
When can I submit my first production EDI transaction set?	1) Contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Coordinator at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.
Transmitting Data to Ginnie Mae	
What connection method should I use to submit my 203 to Ginnie Mae?	1) Contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Coordinator at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.
Translation Software	

QUESTION/PROBLEM	CONTACT POINT		
What translation software package should I use?	Work with your internal systems department to identify viable hardware, software and telecommunications options.		
I'm having problems with my translation software—it keeps crashing.	1) Contact translation software customer support.		
I don't understand how to configure my translation software to meet Ginnie Mae's requirements.	1) Contact translation software customer support.		
My translation software cannot accept the 997 functional acknowledgment.	1) Contact translation software customer support.		
I can't interpret these translation software error reports.	1) Contact translation software customer support.		
Value Added Networks			
What value added network should I use?	Work with your internal systems department to identify viable hardware, software and telecommunications options.		
• I'm a VAN customer and I keep hearing a busy signal when I attempt to send out my 203.	1) Contact Value Added Network customer support.		
• I'm a VAN customer and I'm having problems receiving the 997.	1) Contact Value Added Network customer support.		
I'm a VAN customer, and I'm not sure about the status of my transmission to Ginnie Mae.	1) Contact Value Added Network customer support.		
I'm a VAN customer, and I'm not sure how to read these invoices.	1) Contact Value Added Network customer support.		

Appendix F: Trading Partner Profile

Appendix F is a Trading Partner Profile. The purpose of this document is to provide ACS GSG with a comprehensive reference list of all parties with responsibility for your EDI implementation, both internal and external to your organization. In addition, the Trading Partner Profile is required by Ginnie Mae in order to determine the technical capability of individual issuers, collect institutional information, and assess the viability of future EDI enhancements.

Please fully complete the Trading Partner Profile and fax it to ACS GSG (see attached fax cover sheet). If you have any questions about the Trading Partner Profile please call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline: 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 1.

Fax



Attn: Monique Squalls, Ginnie Mae EDI Coord	dinator
From/Company	Phone:
Tomicompany	FIIONE.
Fax: (301) 212-8086	Date:
Phone: (888) GINNIE4, Option 1	Pages: 9 Including this one
Re: Ginnie Mae Trading Partner Profile	CC:
□Urgent □For Review □Please Comment	□Please Reply □Please Recycle
Comments:	

Government National Mortgage Association

Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Trading Partner Profile

Purpose of the Trading Partner Profile

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae") is implementing Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) for its quarterly loan level reporting. Ginnie Mae will be using the American National Standards Institute's (ANSI) Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12 203 transaction set, the Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report, to report this data. As part of the implementation process Ginnie Mae needs to verify and collect information in order to facilitate the EDI implementation with each issuer.

This Trading Partner Profile is required by Ginnie Mae in order to determine the technical capability of individual issuers, collect institutional information, and assess the viability of future EDI enhancements.

Trading Partner Profile Instructions

- Provide your issuer number and the name and phone number of the person completing the survey on page F-5.
- 2. Answer the questions by filling in the appropriate spaces on the Trading Partner Profile. Some questions may have more than one answer; these are noted on the survey.
- 3. Please write your responses to short answer questions on the survey itself.
- 4. Please complete the Trading Partner Profile and return it to:

ACS GSG
Attn: Monique Squalls
Ginnie Mae EDI Program
4 Choke Cherry Road
Rockville, Maryland 20850

If you have questions about Ginnie Mae's EDI program, please contact Monique Squalls of ACS GSG at the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline:

1-888-GINNIE4 (1-888-446-6434) Option 1.

Trading Partner Profile Definitions

Bulletin Board System (BBS) – An electronic file depository that allows for file uploading and downloading. The Ginnie Mae BBS is currently used for both the Ginnie Mae Data Exchange (IIS/BBS) and EDI file transfers.

Commercial-off-the-shelf (COTS) - A commercially available, pre-configured, software package.

Direct Connect - A communications link that connects two organizations without the use of an intermediary service. May be a dedicated, leased, or dial-up connection.

Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) – Electronic Data Interchange. EDI is the application-to-application exchange of business data in a standardized format.

GinnieNet - Automated system for issuers to process and submit new pool information.

Internet - A collection of public networks connected to each other using Transmissions Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) technology, a suite of transport and application protocols that provide a common way of communicating and sharing data.

On-line Service - A commercial service providing software and access to the Internet (e.g., America-On-Line, CompuServe, Prodigy).

Service Bureau - A commercial service providing data storage, reporting and communication links. Also a third-party supplier of EDI services.

Value Added Network (VAN) - A third-party service that acts as an electronic postal system for EDI transactions. VANs are equipped to accept a variety of telecommunications protocols, thus enabling connectivity between organizations with different telecommunications protocols.

Government National Mortgage Association Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Trading Partner Profile

I. General Information

1.	What is the name, address, phone number, and e-mail address of your <u>Survey Respondent</u> ? <i>Contac Name:</i>
	Company Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
	E-mail:
2.	What is your Ginnie Mae issuer number(s)?
3.	If you report loan information for other Ginnie Mae issuers (sub-service), what are their issuer numbers?
4.	What is the name, address, phone number, and e-mail address of your <u>EDI Coordinator</u> ? Contact Name:
	Company Name:Address:
	Phone:
	E-mail:
5.	What is the Dun and Bradstreet Number (DUNS) of your organization? DUNS Number:
II.	Current Ginnie Mae Data Reporting Method
6.	How do you currently submit quarterly <u>loan level</u> data to Ginnie Mae?
	O Tape O Ginnie Mae Data Exchange Bulletin Board (BBS
	O Cartridge O Service Bureau
	O Diskette

7.			ne ad	dress, phone number, and e-mail address
	of your Service Bureau Cor	ntact?		
	Company Mame			
	Address:			
	Phone:			
	T 4			
8.	When you exchange electro communicate?	onic transactions or e-mail wit	h ent	ities outside your company, how do you
	Select all that apply			
	O Direct connection		0	Ginnie Mae Data Exchange
	O Value Added Netwo	ork (VAN)		Internet
	O Bulletin Board Service			On-Line Service (e.g., America Online)
	O GinnieNet	(223)	Ö	Other (Please indicate)
í. S	Systems/Applicatio	n Information		
9.		re platform does the software	appl	ication that formats quarterly <u>loan level</u>
	data submissions reside? Select only one			
	O 386 PC compatible		0	Mainframe
	O 486 or higher PC con	mnatihle		Use service bureau
	O Apple/Macintosh	Impatible		Other (Please indicate)
	O Mini/midrange			Other (Frease mulcate)
10.	Select only one O Stand-alone O Network O Client/Server	on is used for formatting quar	-	Mini/Mainframe None (Use service bureau)
	O Chent/Server			
11.	What operating system is use formats quarterly <u>loan level</u> of <u>Select only one</u>	ed by the computer hardware data submissions?	hous	ing the software application which
	O DOS		0	UNIX
	O Windows 3.x			MVS
	O Windows 95			None (Use service bureau)
	O Apple/Macintosh			Other (Please indicate)
	O OS/2		Ū	Other (Freuse muleute)
12.		cation do you use to format q	uarte	rly <u>loan level</u> data submissions?
	Select only one			
	O Custom-developed	al la (a o ma)		
	O Commercial-Off-The			N
		d (Issuer Information System	- IIS)
	O None (Use service b	oureau)		
13.	Can your organization transr	mit data through a modem?		
	Select only one			
	O Yes			

					pp =a
	0 0	No Don't Know			
	O	Don't Know			
14.		have a modem, what is your modem's baud rate?			
		t only one			
		9,600	0	33.6	
		14.4	0	56 k	
	0	28.8	0	Other (Please indicate)	
IV	Inte	rnet Information			
	11110				
1.5	D				
10.	Do yo	u have access to the Internet? t only one			
		Yes			
		No			
		Don't Know			
	Ŭ	Don't Miow			
4.0	T 0				
16.		have access to the Internet, which Internet browser	are	ou using!	
		t all that apply.	\sim	MC E1 2.0	
		Netscape 2.0		MS Explorer 3.0	
		Netscape 3.0	0	AOL	
		Netscape Navigator		CompuServe	
	0	MS Explorer 2.0	0	Other (Please indicate)	

V. EDI Information

17. Is your organization currently using EDI?

Select only one

O Yes

- O No
- O Don't Know

18.	Select O O	operating system is used by the computer hardware water of the system is used by the computer hardware water only one DOS Windows OS/2 Apple/Macintosh	000	h houses your EDI translation software? UNIX MVS None (Use service bureau) Other (Please indicate)
19.	Select O O	computer hardware platform houses your EDI trans t only one 386 PC compatible 486 or higher PC compatible Apple/Macintosh Mini/midrange	0	n software? Mainframe None (Use service bureau) Other (Please indicate)
20.	Select O	nardware configuration is used to support your EDI t only one Stand-alone /Network Client/Server	0	slation software? Mini/Mainframe None (Use service bureau)
21.	Select O O	do you perform translation? t only one Perform in-house with internally developed transla Perform in-house with commercial-off-the-shelf (Use Value Added Network (VAN) Use service bureau		
22.	use? Select	perform translation using a commercial-off-the-sho t only one Data Management Strategies Harbinger Premenos Sterling	0	COTS) package, which vendor do you St. Paul TSI International Other (Please indicate)
23.	Select O O	communications method do you use for your EDI tall that apply Value Added Network (VAN) Bulletin Board Service (BBS) Direct connection Private network Service bureau Other (Please indicate)		rmation?
24.	Selea	are linked to a VAN, which one? <i>t all that apply</i> Advantis	0	Sterling

	0	GEIS Harbinger MCI		0	Sprint Not linked to a VAN Other (Please indicate)
25.	VAN Con Con	Contact? ntact Name: mpany Name: dress:			
	E- I	nail:			
26.	Select O O	n use a direct conne t all that apply ISDN NJE Dedicated line Other (Please ind	ect, which one?	_	
27.		are your EDI Trad ext all that apply	ling Partners?		
		Fannie Mae			Suppliers
		Freddie Mac		0	Planning
		Banks		0	
	0	Service bureaus		0	Other (Please indicate)
28.	Who	are your proposed tall that apply	EDI Trading Partners (other tha	ın Gi	nnie Mae)?
		Fannie Mae		0	Suppliers
		Freddie Mac			None
		Banks		0	Other (Please indicate)
	0	Service bureaus			
29.	Sele O	d be willing to assis ect only one Yes No	st other Ginnie Mae issuers in be	comi	ng EDI-capable?
	0	Not Sure			

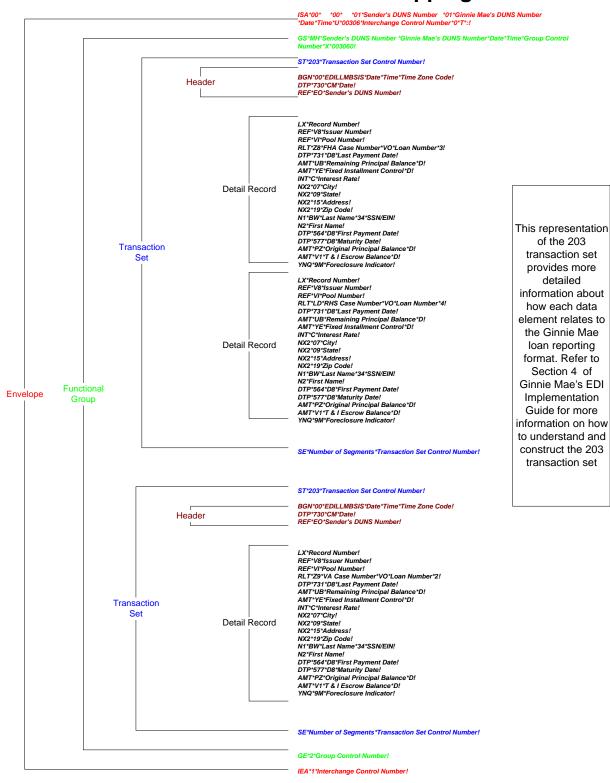
/I.	. Additional Comments	

Thank You, your participation is much appreciated.

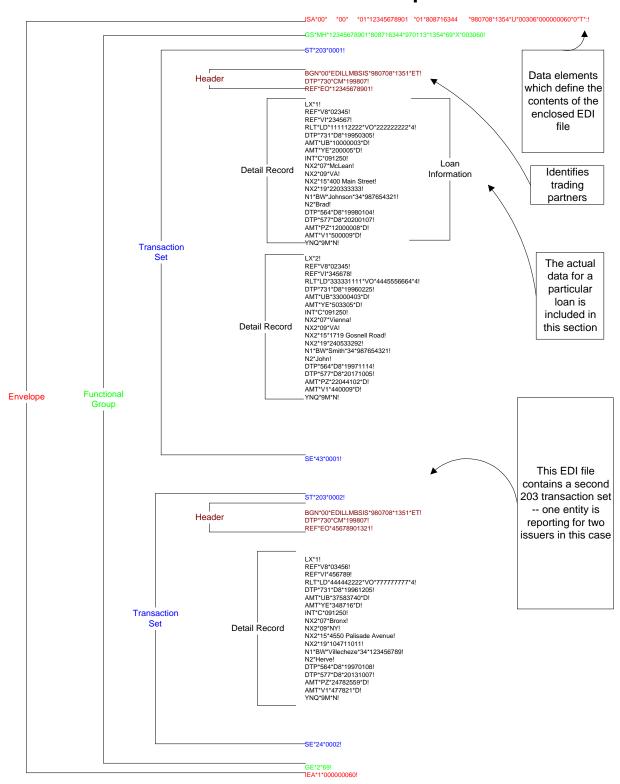
Appendix G: Guidelines for the Implementation of the Ginnie Mae 203 Transaction Set

The following maps have been designed to complement the information provided in Section 4 – Mapping. These maps provide a graphical overview of Ginnie Mae's 203 transaction set. The first map, Ginnie Mae 203 Investor Report – Mapping, displays a graphical overview of the 203 file layout (page 32). The second map, Ginnie Mae 203 Investor Report – Sample, displays a graphical overview of a sample 203 transaction set (page 33).

Guidelines for the Implementation of the Ginnie Mae 203 Transaction Set - Mapping



Guidelines for the Implementation of the Ginnie Mae 203 Transaction Set - Sample



Appendix H: Using the Ginnie Mae BBS

The Ginnie Mae Bulletin Board System (BBS) is an electronic file depository that enables users to upload and download files. This appendix of the implementation guide contains instructions for using the BBS to upload and download EDI files.

The Ginnie Mae BBS is used for both the *Issuer Information System (IIS)* and EDI file transfers. If you are currently using the BBS to transmit IIS reports, this does not mean you are in compliance with the Ginnie Mae EDI program. Compliance with the Ginnie Mae EDI program can only be achieved through the EDI testing and transition process.

If you decide to use the BBS as your telecommunications method to implement EDI or have any other questions about the Ginnie Mae EDI program, call the Ginnie Mae Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4, Option 2. The Ginnie Mae EDI Team will configure your account on the BBS to accept and submit EDI transmissions and will provide you with a user code, user id, and password.

The rest of this appendix provides step-by-step directions for using the Ginnie Mae BBS for EDI. Please note that discrepancies between what appears in this guide and what is displayed on your screen may be a result of differences in your particular software package.

I. ACCESSING BBS

Ginnie Mae's BBS is named the "Ginnie Mae Data Exchange." To access the Ginnie Mae Data Exchange you must:

- 1. Select the drive, directory, or Windows shortcut for your telecommunications package.
- 2. Run your telecommunications software following the instructions provided with the package.
- 3. Verify that the appropriate modem settings have been selected by comparing your software configuration against Table H-1, Communication Parameters, of this appendix. Examine your software documentation to see where the modem settings are listed for your particular telecommunications package. With the exception of your COM port, the other settings are typically the defaults in modem software packages.
- 4. Dial in to the BBS using the number (301) 548-2341 and log on to the Ginnie Mae BBS following the instructions provided below.

Table H-1 Communication Parameters

Communication Parameter	Description
Terminal Mode	The terminal mode should be ANSI .
COM Port	Communication port is a point of access to a computer, network, or other electronic device. There are four conventional ports that can be accessed: COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4. The most common ports used for the BBS setup are COM1 or COM2.
Baud Rate	A measure of transmission speed. Baud rates include 1200, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14,400 19200, 28,800 and higher. A common baud rate setting is 28,800. Check your modem and manual to see what baud rates are supported and use the highest possible setting .
Parity	The addition of one or more redundant bits used as information to verify its accuracy. Parity bits include NONE, ODD, EVEN, MARK, SPACE. Parity bits setting must be NONE .
Word Length	The size of a word that is sent to the modem when transmitting data. Word lengths include 5, 6, 7 or 8. Word length setting must be 8 .
Stop Bits	A stop bit indicates the end of a character (a character is usually 8 bits). The stop bit setting must be 1.

If you are having trouble accessing the BBS, first make sure that your modem is configured correctly.

Once your PC and the Ginnie Mae Data Exchange system connect, a welcome screen appears asking for your user code and user id as shown below. Type your assigned user code and user id; then type your password when prompted.

```
Wildcat! for Win95/NT (c) 1995,96 Mustang Software, Inc. All Rights Reserved.
Registration number: 03-2209. v5.00.439 (May 29 1997). Node: 6.

Connected with Local. Ansi detected.

You have connected to node 6 on GINNIE MAE DATA EXCHANGE

This system is operating on Wildcat! v5

Please make use of your real name on this BBS

What is your user code? IS
What is your user id? 1234

Welcome IS 1234.

What is your password? [****
```

<u>Note</u>: You may also type **user code**, **user id**, and **password** on the same line. (For example, at the screen prompt "**What is your user code?**" You may type " **is 1234 [password]**")

After verifying the password, the system checks the current user information on file and asks you if it is correct. If the information it is correct, you may access the system. If it is not correct, you will be requested to re-enter the information.



Next, the system checks to determine if you have any new mail waiting. If you have new mail, you are notified as shown above.

You may type one of the following options:

[R]ead now: to read your mail

[L]ist: to list all incoming mail that has not been read

[C]ontinue: to proceed to the main menu.

When you have finished reading your mail, press C to access the main menu.

II. SYSTEM OVERVIEW



The Ginnie Mae Bulletin Board System is menu-driven, meaning the screen will provide you with options for your next action. The Main Menu (displayed above) consists of the following options:

Option Description

Bulletin Menu	Brings you to the bulletin board. This will provide access
	to documents such as recent All Participant Memos.
Comments to Operator	Gives issuers the opportunity to leave comments for or
	ask questions of the system operator.
Files Upload/ Download	Brings you to the menu screen for file uploads and
	downloads. This is the option you will use to transmit
	and receive EDI files.
Goodbye & Logoff	Quick logoff from the system.
Help Level	Allows user to set the help level (Novice, Regular or
	Expert). The help level determines the amount of
	instructions that are displayed on the screen.
Message Menu	Launches the message menu. Allows user to read and
	write messages, as well as join conferences.
Newsletter	Launches the Ginnie Mae Newsletter, when available.
Script Questionnaire	Launches the Questionnaire menu, providing access to
	frequently asked questions.
? Command Help	Not currently available, but it is planned for the future.

III. NAMING CONVENTIONS

Before uploading your loan level EDI files to the BBS, you should name the files according to Ginnie Mae's EDI file naming convention. You will be using the Bulletin Board System to exchange electronic data with Ginnie Mae. You will be submitting the 203 Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report, and receiving the 997 Functional Acknowledgement. In order to make it clear which transaction sets are being sent by which trading partners, your loan level EDI files should be named using the following convention:

[Ginnie Mae issuer number][two-digit submission month][two-digit submission day].203

For example, if issuer 1234 were to send a file on **March 13**, the file would be named:

12340313.203

<u>Note</u>: While your loan level EDI files should always have a .203 extension, if you choose to compress the file before sending it the actual file being submitted will have a .zip extension.

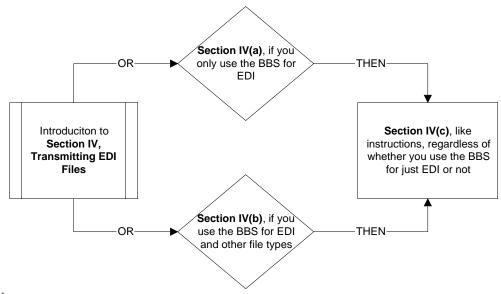
Your 997 Functional Acknowledgements will be named using the same convention, with the exception of the last three numbers of the file name (the file extension). For example, if Issuer 1234's Functional Acknowledgment was created on April 15, the 997 file would be named as follows:

12340415.997

Using these names for your EDI files allows the Ginnie Mae EDI Team to retrieve and process them more easily.

IV. TRANSMITTING EDI FILES

This section describes how to upload and transmit EDI files to the Ginnie Mae EDI Team over the BBS. Depending on whether you use the BBS to just submit EDI files, or use it to submit other files as well (such as IIS files, pool level submissions and SSCRA), the particular options on each screen will vary slightly. This section is structured as follows: If you use the BBS just to submit EDI files, begin with section **IV(a)** below, and then skip to section **IV(c)**. If you use the BBS to submit other types of files in addition to EDI files, skip to section **IV(b)**, and then continue with section



IV(c).

IV(a). Users Who Use the BBS to Transmit Only EDI Files

From the main menu:

- 1. Press **F** to select Files Upload/Download.
- 2. Press **U** to select Upload a File.

If you use the BBS only to submit EDI files, after you type "U" to upload a file the BBS may display the following prompt:

Please select a protocol:

[X] X-modem [Z] Z-modem

Select [X Z]?[]

In most cases, you should press **Z** to select **Z-modem** for all modem speeds. If you already designated a default protocol this step will be skipped. Otherwise, select a protocol from the options listed above and press **[Enter].**

```
O uit to Main Menu
List Available Files
D ownload from Ginnie Mae OPNS
? Command Line Help
Conference: Upload/download files
Time On: 33 Time Remaining: 12

Command >>

-> Make note of our policy on uploads:

1 - Ho Commercial Material! Shareware or PD only!
2 - All uploads must have a description or they will be deleted
3 - Absolutely NO commercial ads or money-making schemes!!!

Your cooperation is appreciated!

Enter name for file #1 or [ENTER] to start upload? [12340515.203]
```

IV(b). Users Who Use the BBS to Transmit Other Files

From the main menu:

- 1. Press **F** to select Files Upload/Download.
- 2. Press U to select Upload a File.

If you also use the BBS to submit non-EDI files (such as pool level submissions and SSCRA), the following prompt will be displayed once you have chosen to upload a file:

File area, [L]ist, [H]elp, [Q]uit?

Select the file area that you would like to upload your file to, or type **L** to display the list of available file areas.

Users will only have access to files that are applicable to them. If you are submitting test data for the 203 transaction set, the file area labeled **EDI 203 Test** will be listed and should be selected. If you are submitting production data, the file area labeled **EDI 203 Production** will be listed and should be selected. In the example depicted in the picture below, the user has access to IIS file areas, as well as the EDI 203 Test file area.

```
Command >>
u

-> Make note of our policy on uploads:

1 - No Commercial Material! Shareware or PD only!
2 - All uploads must have a description or they will be deleted
3 - Absolutely NO commercial ads or money-making schemes!!!

Your cooperation is appreciated!

File area [1-8], [L]ist, [H]elp, [Q]uit? [1 ]

1. 11710 Regular Monthly Data 2. 11710 Resubmission/Corrections
4. Loan Level Regular Submissions 5. Loan Level Resub/Corrections
6. SSCRA Data Submissions 8. EDI 203 Test

- End of file area list -
[1-8], [S]ort, [F]ind, [H]elp, [Q]uit, [ENTER = Next]? [8 ]
Enter name for file #1 or [ENTER] to start upload? [12340317.203]
```

Once you have selected the area to which you want to upload the file the BBS may display the following prompt:

Please select a protocol:

```
[X] X-modem [Z] Z-modem
```

Select [X Z]?[]

In most cases, you should press **Z** to select **Z-modem** for all modem speeds. If you already designated a default protocol, this step will be skipped. Otherwise, select a protocol from the options listed above and press **[Enter]**.

IV(c). Transmitting EDI Files (continued, for all types of users)

Regardless of whether your organization uses the BBS only for EDI, or for non-EDI files as well, you will be prompted to enter a filename using the naming convention provided in section III and press **[Enter]**. The BBS prompts you for a filename:

Enter name for File #1?

If the filename already exists in the area you are trying to upload to, the BBS displays a message stating this and prompts you to either enter another filename, or abort the upload. A filename would already exist in the file area if you uploaded two files with the same name to a file area.

The BBS provides two options from which you may choose to enter a description of the file:

- 1) A prompt at which you may enter a brief description
- 2) A prompt which asks if you wish to enter a detailed description about this file

The BBS will then prompt you for the name of another file to upload. Press [**Enter**] if you have no more files to upload.

The system then displays the following prompt:

Start your {protocol selection} upload now...

Depending on which telecommunications software you are using, you might need to select a file transfer menu option to begin the upload. Most packages will request you to select the appropriate protocol (Y or Z) for your modem and to enter the filename again. Be sure that you designate the same modem protocol that you selected above. Press **[Enter]** to begin the upload.

<u>Note:</u> When entering the file name be sure to include the path where the file can be found. For example, if the file is located on your hard drive in the EDI directory, you would type c:\EDI\12340317.203. If you are using a modem package that runs in the Microsoft Windows environment, you will most likely be able to browse your hard drive and highlight the file to select it.

During the file upload, a status box will appear to alert you if the transmission was successful or not. If your upload is completed successfully, the Terminal status box is removed and the BBS displays a transfer status message. The BBS then returns you to the original screen and displays the following message:

UPLOAD Successful Thank you!

If the transmission is unsuccessful, check to make sure that you have followed the instructions provided in this guide correctly. If problems persist, please call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 Option 2 for assistance.

V. RECEIVING EDI FILES

This section describes how to receive an EDI file from the BBS. After the Ginnie Mae EDI Team receives an EDI file that you upload to the BBS, the file is translated and another EDI transaction set called the 997 – Functional Acknowledgement is generated and sent to the BBS. This is a small file that describes the success or failure of your EDI transmission and provides you with timely feedback about the status of your loan level report. A 997 transaction set will be generated every time the Ginnie Mae EDI Team translates a 203 transaction set from you. You will want to download this file from the BBS and analyze it to determine the status of your EDI transmission. If you are submitting test data to the Ginnie Mae EDI Team, the 997 file will be available for download within four business days of your submission. If you are submitting production data to the Ginnie Mae EDI Team, the 997 file will be available by the next business day.

To receive an EDI file, from the main menu:

Press **F** to select Files Upload/Download. Press **L** to List Available Files.

```
Quit to Main Menu
List Available Files
Download from Ginnie Mae OPNS
Text Search
Townload Files
Tile Transfer Info
Townload Files
Time On: O Time Remaining: 59

Command >>

Command >>

Command >>

1

Scanning file area 24 - 1234_997

[1] 12340521.997
[2] 12340523.997
[3] 12340524.997
[C] ont,[P]rev,[H]elp,[N]stp,S[k]ip,[M]ark,[D]nld,[I]nfo,[V]iew,[Q]uit? [2]
```

Any files that are displayed are available to be downloaded. Your 997 transaction set will follow the same naming convention as the file that you uploaded (your issuer number, followed by the reporting month and day, and a .997 extension). To select a specific file to download, enter in the number to the left of the file name. More than one file can be selected by continuing to type a number and press **[Enter]**. When you are ready to download, type **D** and press **[Enter]**.

```
Bytes Time Total Bytes Total Time

Bytes Time Total Bytes Total Time

[ 1] 12340523.997 255 n/a 255 n/a

[D] ownload - Download all marked files.

[A] dd - Add more files (by name) to the download list.

[G] oodbye - Download all marked files, then logoff automatically.

[T] humbnail - Create composite image(s) of all picture files.

[E] dit - Edit/View marked files.

[Q] uit - Return to the menu prompt.

Download command? [D]
```

The BBS will then display the following prompt:

Please select a protocol:

[X] X-modem [Z] Z-modem

Select [X Z] ? []

Typically, you should press **Z** to select **Z-modem** for all speeds. If you already designated a default protocol this step will be skipped. Otherwise, select a protocol from the options listed above and press **[Enter].**

During the file download, a status box will appear to alert you if the transmission was successful or not. If your download is completed successfully, the Terminal status box is removed and the BBS displays a transfer status message. The BBS then returns you to the original screen. You may download another file at this time by repeating the instructions in this section, or you may **Quit** back to the main screen.

Appendix I: Ginnie Mae Web-Based EDI Implementation Guide

1. Introduction

Ginnie Mae's Web-based EDI program provides a valuable complement to other EDI reporting methods and is designed to be particularly useful to issuers with smaller loan volumes. The Web-based EDI application, developed by Ginnie Mae, is intended to simplify the reporting process by providing an on-line data entry screen for issuers to submit loan level data. The primary benefits of the application are:

- The ability of issuers to comply with Ginnie Mae's mandate for all issuers to submit loan level data via EDI.
- The ability to submit loan level data via EDI without having to incur the cost of purchasing EDI translation software and having an in-house EDI expert,
- The ability to submit secure loan level data via the World Wide Web,
- The ability for issuers to submit EDI data without the additional cost of advanced telecommunications links to Ginnie Mae, and
- The ability for issuers to receive faster feedback about the success of the information submitted.
- The ability for issuers to receive information about problems with the reported data in time to correct it for the current quarterly cycle.

The Web-based EDI application is available on the Ginnie Mae Web site, at www.ginniemae.gov/web_edi/home.htm, or by following the links to the EDI section, and then to the application's Welcome screen.

The information in this guide is also available online in the instructions section of the Web-based EDI application. If you have any questions regarding the Web-based EDI application, please contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 (Option 1).

1.1 How To Use This Guide

This concise guide will help you take full advantage of the operations and features of the Web-based EDI application. Each section contains information critical to the successful submission of loan level information via the Internet. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that new users read all sections of this guide. Below is a brief description of each section:

Welcome -- Provides an introduction to the Ginnie Mae Web-based EDI quarterly loan level application.

Technical Requirements -- Describes the equipment requirements for accessing the Web application and how to attain the equipment if you do not meet the minimum requirements.

Getting Started -- Provides instructions for registering issuer contact and loan information in the Ginnie Mae Web-based EDI application.

Loan Level Reporting -- Describes in detail the steps to submit quarterly loan level data using the Ginnie Mae Web-based EDI application.

Troubleshooting -- Frequently Asked Questions -- Provides guidance on how to troubleshoot problems that may occur while submitting loan level data over the Web.

2. Welcome

Figure 2-1 is a screen shot of the <u>Welcome</u> page for the Web-based EDI application. There are three options from the <u>Welcome</u> page:

- 1. Users may view the instructions pages by clicking **Instructions**
- 2. Users may begin the registration process by clicking on the **First-Time User Registration**
- 3. Users may begin the loan reporting process by clicking **Account Log-In**
- 4. Users may review their most recent loan submissions by clicking **Review Your Last Submitted Session**

Figure 2-1 Welcome Page

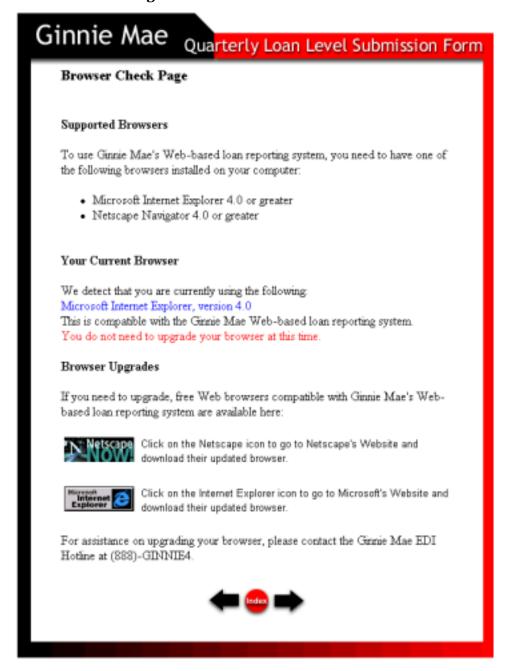
Ginnie Mae Quarterly Loan Level Submission Form Welcome to the Ginnie Mae Quarterly Loan Level Submission Form This Web-based EDI solution will complement Ginnie Mae's existing EDI program by providing a low-cost alternative for low loan volume trading partners within the issuer community. Through the implementation of its Web-based EDI program, Ginnie Mae seeks to achieve four key objectives: · Increase the number of issuers submitting EDI data by providing a simple and cost-effective EDI submission alternative; · Maintain a high level of customer service. Continue to improve service to Ginnie Mae issuers by simplifying and increasing the number of options for submitting loan level data; · Increase, through the use of technology, the flexibility and ease with which Ginnie Mae does business with the secondary market, Continue to comply with the request of the Mortgage Bankers Association. (MBA) and utilize the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12 203, Secondary Mortgage Market Investor Report Transaction Set to help standardize loan level reporting. For detailed instructions on how to use the Web-based EDI application to submit your quarterly loan level data, click on the "Instructions" button below. If your company is a new user of the Web-based EDI application, click on the "First-Time User Registration" button to enter your company's profile information. Your company cannot use the application until its profile information has been registered. If your company is already registered, click on the "Account Log-In" button to begin submitting your quarterly loan-level data. First-Time User Registration Account Log-In Review Your Last Submitted Session Instructions

EMAIL®

3. Technical Requirements

To use the Web-based EDI Application, your computer needs to meet certain technical requirements. We recommend that you use the most recent versions of the Web browsers available from Microsoft or Netscape. The minimum requirements for the current version of the system are Microsoft's Internet Explorer 4.0 or Netscape Navigator 4.0. If you don't know the version of the browser you are currently using, there is a link from the Technical Requirements page in the Instructions section to help you find out (see Figure 3-1). Click on the phrase "click here to check" which will display a page showing you what version you have. This page also includes links to both the Microsoft and Netscape Web sites, where you can download the latest versions of browser software free of charge.

Figure 3-1 Browser Check Page



Your browser must be JavaScript and Secure Socket Layer (SSL) enabled. If you are unsure whether your browser has this capability and need help to check your browser settings, please contact the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 (option 1).

If your browser meets all of these requirements, you may log on to the application and begin the Web-based EDI quarterly loan level submission process. If you are not using the browsers identified above, or your browser is not JavaScript and SSL enabled, you will not be able to access the application.

4. Getting Started

The first step in using the Web-based EDI application is to complete the registration process. There are two major parts to the registration process:

- Registration: User Information which involves inputting issuer contact information into the application.
- Registration: Loan Information which involves providing typically static loan
 information about your loan portfolio so that it can be pre-populated in the submission
 form to simplify future loan level reporting through this application.

This section provides instructions for registering issuer contact and loan information in the Ginnie Mae Web-based EDI application. To begin the registration process, click on the **First-Time User Registration** button on the Welcome page

4.1 Registration: User Information

You must register before using the Ginnie Mae Web-based EDI application. The <u>Registration</u>: <u>User Information</u> page can be accessed by clicking on the **First-Time User Registration** button on the <u>Welcome</u> page. To register, fill in your company's DUNS number, the Point of Contact (POC) information in all fields (first name, last name, company, phone number, and email), and a unique password of your choice (see Figure 4-1). This password must be at least five characters. All fields must be completed before moving on to the next registration page, <u>Registration</u>: <u>Loan Information</u>.



Figure 4-1 Registration: User Information Page

A Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number is a unique identification number assigned to organizations by Dun & Bradstreet. If you do not have a DUNS number or are not sure what your organization's DUNS number is, there is a link on the bottom of the <u>Registration: User Information</u> page to assist you in receiving one. You may also call Dun & Bradstreet at 1-800-333-0505. Obtaining a DUNS number is free.

4.2 Registration: Loan Information

You may have loan information that is typically static from quarter to quarter (such as Borrower First Name and Property Address) pre-populated in the submission form by registering information about your loan portfolio before the quarterly production cycle begins.

Once you have registered a loan, you do not have to repeat the process in subsequent quarters as long as the issuer number, pool number and issuer loan number of the loan remain the same. (If this information *does* change during the life of the loan, you will not be able to have the typically static data pre-populated the first time you report the new information. In subsequent quarters, however, it will be available for pre-population.) Loans that are registered will be included in the available loan list at the bottom of the <u>Registration: Loan Information</u> page, unless you remove them.

Loan registration information can be submitted only during the open registration period. This period ends six business days before the quarterly production cycle begins. You may still register to use the Web-based EDI application after the deadline. However, you will not be able to pre-populate the static loan information in the loan reporting form.

The table below presents the 2000 loan registration schedule:

Table 4-1 2000 Loan Registration Schedule

Quarterly Production Period	Registration Deadline		
April 1-15, 2000	Register loans by March 24th		
July 1-15, 2000	Register loans by June 22 nd		
October 1-15, 2000	Register loans by September 21st		
January 1-15, 2001	Register loans by December 21st (2000)		

On the <u>Registration: Loan Information</u> page you may register a specific loan, or loans, in order to pre-populate the submission form (See Figure 4-2). Registering a loan can be done in three ways.

1. To add all pools and loans for a given issuer, just enter your issuer number and click on the **Add** button.

- 2. To enter all loans for a particular pool, enter the issuer number and pool number and click on the **Add** button.
- 3. To enter specific loans, enter the issuer number, pool number, and loan number for that loan and click on the **Add** button.

You may add as many loans as needed by entering the loan information and clicking on **Add**. You may still report loans that you did not register in the submission form. For these loans, you will have to enter all of the information for the loan instead of having some of it pre-populated.

If you wish to remove a loan from the list you have created, highlight the loan and click on **Remove**. The highlighted loan will be removed from the table at the bottom of the screen.

Once all loans have been added, click on the **Submit** button to finish registering. A page will then be displayed confirming your successful registration.

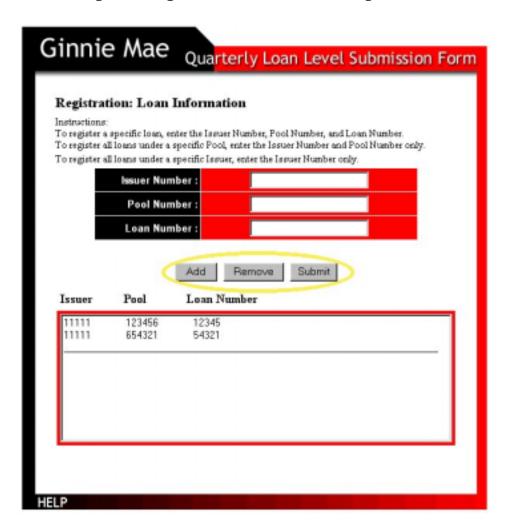


Figure 4-2 Registration: Loan Information Page

5. Loan Level Reporting

This section describes in detail how to submit quarterly loan level data using the Ginnie Mae Webbased EDI application once you have established an account. You may only begin using the application to report your quarterly loan level data after the production cycle begins on the first of each quarter.

There are six primary steps to submit your loan data:

- 1. Account Log-In To access your account
- 2. Issuer Number Selection To select your issuer number
- 3. Pool and Loan Selection To select specific pools and loans
- 4. Loan Reporting To report specific loan information
- 5. Loan Submission To send your completed report to Ginnie Mae
- 6. Submission Confirmation To review your quarterly report after you have completed it.

5.1 Account Log-In

Once you have successfully registered your contact and loan information, you may access your account by clicking on the **Account Log In** button at the bottom of the <u>Welcome</u> page (Figure 2-1). **You may log on to your account only after the production period begins. You will not be able to log on before the first day of the quarterly production cycle.**

Table 5-1
2000 Quarterly Loan Production Cycle

Quarterly Production Period		
January 1, 2000 through January 17, 2000		
April 1, 2000 through April 17, 2000		
July 1, 2000 through July 17, 2000		
October 1, 2000 through October 16, 2000		

To log into your account, fill in your DUNS number and password (Figure 5-1). If you do not have a DUNS number or password, please see the instructions for <u>Registration: User Information</u> (section 4.1).

Figure 5-1 Account Log-In Page



Once both fields are filled, click on the **Log In** button. The <u>Issuer Number Selection Page</u> will be displayed. If you enter any information incorrectly, click the **Clear** button. This returns the screen to its original blank state.

If you would like to change your password or profile information, enter your DUNS number and password to login. Then click the **Change your password and other profile information** checkbox. The <u>Update User Information</u> page will be displayed. (Figure 5-2) From this page you can update the user information and change your password. When you have entered the correct information, click **Update Information** to save your user information. If you forget your password, please call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 (option 1) for assistance.

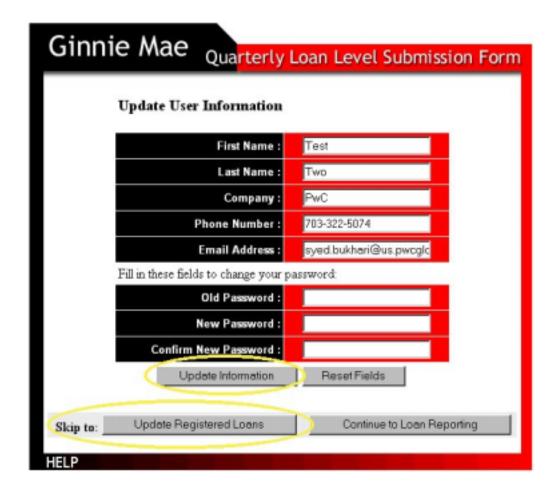


Figure 5-2 Update User Information Page

On the <u>Update User Information</u> page, if you click on the **Skip to: Update Registered Loans** button, the <u>Update Registered Loan Information</u> page will be displayed. (Figure 5-3)

If you would like to begin your loan reporting, click on the **Continue to Loan Reporting** button. You will be taken to the <u>Issuer Number Selection Page</u>. (Figure 5-4)

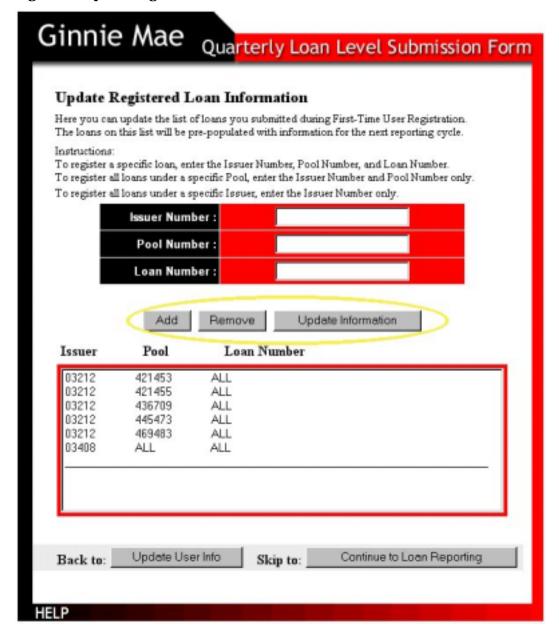


Figure 5-3 Update Registered Loan Information

From the <u>Update Registered Loan Information</u> page you can add and remove issuers, pools and loans from your registration.

To add an issuer, pool, or loan, click on the **Add** button. You will then be prompted to enter the appropriate information. To delete a loan, highlight the loan in the table and click **Remove**. The loan will be deleted from the table. If you want to save the information you have entered, click on **Update Information**.

You have the option to update your user information as well. Click on **Update User Info** to return to the <u>Update User Information</u> screen. To continue with the loan reporting process, click on the **Continue to Loan Reporting** button.

5.2 Issuer Number Selection

Once your account has been accessed, you will be prompted to select an issuer number. If you want to report loans for a particular issuer but its issuer number is not shown in the list, you may add it by pressing the **Add** button (See Figure 5-4). You will then be prompted to type the issuer number for the issuer for which you want to report loans. You can only report on loans for issuers that are listed or that you have added to the application.

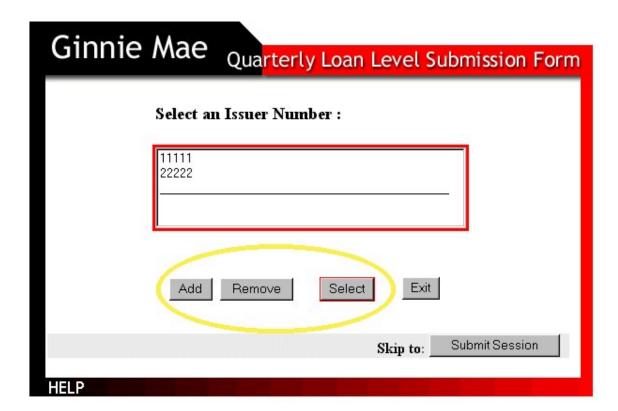


Figure 5-4 Issuer Number Selection Page

Once you find the correct issuer number, highlight the number by clicking on it once in the list box. Click on the **Select** button to display the <u>Select a Pool and Loan Number</u> page. You may select only one issuer number at a time. If you will no longer be reporting for an issuer number displayed on the list, highlight the number and click on the **Remove** button. Clicking the **Exit** button will exit the application.

You can also display the <u>Loan Submission</u> page by clicking on the **Submit Session** button if you are ready to submit your loans for this reporting period. Refer to Section 5.5 for more information.

5.3 Pool and Loan Selection

Once you have selected an issuer number, you will be provided with a list box of pool and loan numbers (See Figure 5-5). This list box will be filled with the loans that you registered during the open registration period on the <u>Registration</u>: <u>Loan Information</u> page described in Section 4.2. You may either select a loan from the list, or add a loan to the list.

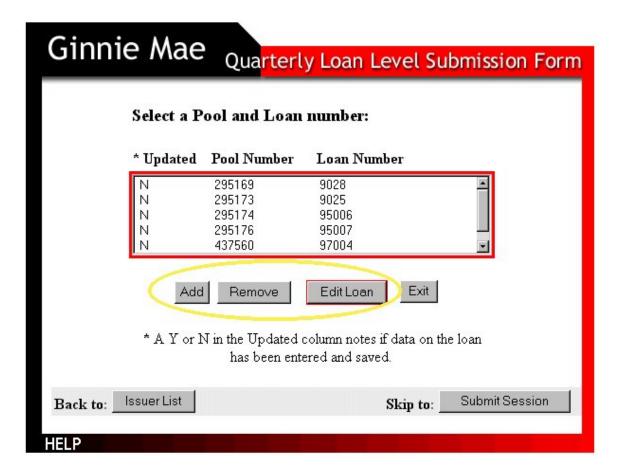
To add a new loan, click on the **Add** button on the bottom of the page. You will be prompted to enter the pool number and loan number of the loan you are adding. Note that typically static loan information will not be pre-populated on the loan reporting form for newly added loans. You may add as many loans to the list as needed. You may also remove as many loans as needed with the **Remove** button. Clicking the **Exit** button will exit the application.

Once you find the pool and loan combination in the list box for which you would like to report loan information, highlight the number by clicking on it. Then click on the **Edit Loan** button to display the <u>Loan Reporting Form</u> for that loan (See Figure 5-6). After you have edited a particular loan on the <u>Loan Reporting Form</u>, the indicator in the Updated column will change to "Y".

Note that if you are reporting for more than one issuer, you may go back to the <u>Select an Issuer Number</u> (Figure 5-4) page by clicking on the **Issuer List** button in the bottom left corner of the page. Then you may select a different issuer number, and repeat the loan reporting process.

You can also go to the <u>Loan Submission</u> (Figure 5-7) page by clicking on the **Submit Session** button if you are ready to submit your loans for this reporting period. Refer to Section 5.5 for more information.

Figure 5-5 Select a Pool and Loan Number Selection Page



5.4 Loan Reporting Form

The loan reporting form is where you will input the quarterly loan information for your Ginnie Mae loans (See Figure 5-6). All of the information fields on this page are the same as what you have always reported for your Ginnie Mae quarterly loan level reports. If you registered your loan portfolio during the open registration period, the fields that are typically static from quarter to quarter in the middle of the screen (e.g. Case number, Loan Type, Social Security number, Borrower First Name, Borrower Last Name, Property Address, City, State, Zip Code, First Payment Date, Maturity Date, Original Principal Balance, and Company) should be pre-populated with your loan information as of the last reporting period. Otherwise, the data fields in the form will be blank. The Company field will only be populated if the loan is a multi-family loan.

If you need to change any of the data fields in the middle of the form, you may do this as well. The application will remind you that this is a typically static field and prompt you to make sure that you intend to change this information. If your loan information has been pre-populated, you only need to type in the information for the fields on the bottom of the page (e.g. Interest Rate, Last Payment Date, Foreclosure Indicator, Fixed Installment Control, T&I Balance and Remaining Principal Balance). If you are reporting a loan that does not have any information pre-populated, you will need to input the data for all of the fields on the page.

If you need help with any of the fields on the form, you may click on the field label to get a description of the data element.

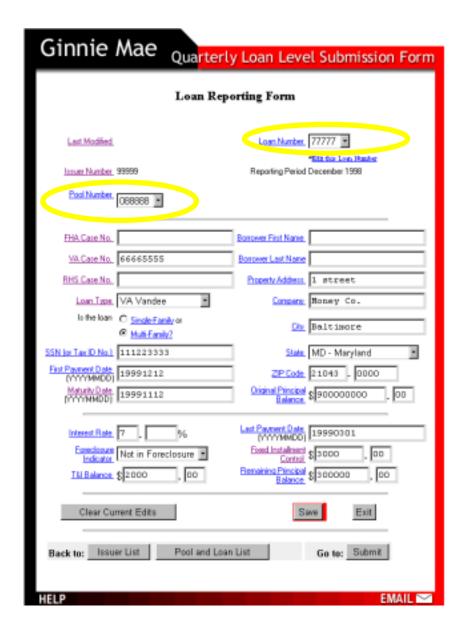


Figure 5-6 Loan Reporting Form

After you have finished adding all of the loan information, click the **Save** button to add it to the list of loans that you will submit with your quarterly report. Saving loans will add the loan to your total submission list, and it will also enable you to exit the application and return at a later time, while keeping those loans already updated in the list of saved loans. You can only save a loan when all of the fields for that loan have been entered.

The **Clear Current Edits** button will refresh the form and clear all of the values in the data fields. You may change data in each data field by clicking in the data field box and typing the correct value. However, if you have entered multiple data fields for a loan under the wrong loan number, you can clear all of the data fields by clicking on the **Clear Current Edits** button. The **Clear Current Edits** button will not clear information

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for loans that have been previously saved. To do this, you will need to remove the loan from the <u>Loan</u> Submission page (Figure 5-7). The **Exit** button will take you back to the Welcome screen.

You may navigate to other loans within the same pool directly from the <u>Loan Reporting Form</u> (Figure 5.6) by selecting a loan number in the drop-down list on the top of the form. If you have edited and saved all of the loans in a pool that you intend to report and would like to report loans for a different pool, click on the **Back to Pool and Loan List** button to select another pool. You may also go back to the <u>Select an Issuer Number</u> (Figure 5-4) page and select a different issuer for which to report by clicking on the **Issuer List** button in the bottom left corner of the page.

You also have the option of navigating to a different pool number from the <u>Loan Reporting Form</u>. There is the Pool Number drop down box that contains the pool numbers for your particular issuer number. If you select a pool number, the pre-populated fields will change to reflect the appropriate information for that pool number. The drop down box for the loan number will also now contain the new loan numbers for the selected pool number.

Definition of Fields - Loan Reporting Form

These tables define each field on the loan reporting form. For specific questions regarding the data required for a specific field, refer to the Ginnie Mae I and II Guides. The information in the tables below is also available when you click on the **Help** button on the bottom left of the screen.

Loan Identification Information

This information is used to identify specific loans or to indicate a new or corrected loan.

Last Modified	The Date the loan data was modified and submitted to Ginnie Mae. Example: 9 Oct, 1998	
Issuer Number	The issuer's ID number, as assigned by Ginnie Mae. This field can have a maximum of five numbers.	
Pool Number	A number assigned by Ginnie Mae to a group of loans for an issuer. This field can be a maximum of six numbers.	
Loan Number	A loan number that uniquely identifies the loan in the issuer's loan system. It can have a maximum of 20 characters.	
Correction Check Box	Used to indicate that the submission is a correction.	

Loan Specific Information - Static

This information is static information and changes only if there is a correction or new loan information is being entered.

FHA Case Number	A number assigned to each FHA loan by FHA. FHA Case Numbers must be between 9 and 12 characters, however multi- family loans can be between 8 and 12 characters.	
VA Case Number	A number assigned to each VA loan by VA. VA Case Numbers must be between 9 and 12 characters, however multi-family loans can be between 8 and 12 characters.	
RHS Case Number	A number assigned to each RHS loan by RHS. RHS Case Numbers must be between 9 and 12 characters, however multi- family loans can be between 8 and 12 characters.	
Loan Type	Code that identifies the loan type of each loan. Example: FHA-Single Family	
Single Family/Multi-Family	Identifies the loan as a Single Family or Multi-Family loan.	
SSN or Tax ID Number	Social Security Number or Tax ID of the borrower. This field must be exactly nine digits, with no hyphens.	
First Payment Date	Date on which the first loan repayment was made. This field is eight numbers long, in the format YYYYMMDD.	
Maturity Date	The date projected at the start of the loan upon which the mortgage will be paid in full, assuming that the borrower pays all installments as planned. This field is eight numbers long, in the format YYYYMMDD.	
Borrower's First Name	First name of the person who is specified in the Borrower Last Name field. If it is a multi-family loan, there will be no first name or last name. This field can have a maximum of 10 characters.	
Borrower's Last Name	Last name of the person who is "owns" the loan. If there is more than one borrower, enter the name of one of the borrowers. This field can have a maximum of 15 characters.	
Property Address	Street address of the property being reported on. This field can be a maximum of 19 characters.	
Company	If the loan is a multi-family loan, enter the name of the organization holding loan. This field can have a maximum of 15 characters.	
City	City in which the property is located. This field can be a maximum of 18 characters.	
State	State in which the property is located. Use the drop-down menu to select the correct state.	
ZIP Code	ZIP Code in which the property is located. This field can be a	

	maximum of 10 characters, in the format 99999-9999.		
Original Principal Balance	The original loan principal balance as stated on the mortgage note. This field can have a maximum of 11 numbers, in the format 999999999999999999999999999999999999		

Loan Specific Information - Dynamic

This information is dynamic information and needs to be updated every quarter when loans are reported.

Interest Rate	Loan interest rate as of the current quarterly reporting month cutoff date. This field can have a maximum of five numbers.		
Foreclosure Indicator	Signifies whether foreclosure proceedings have begun on the loan.		
T&I Balance	The balance of taxes and insurance funds in escrow or impound account at cutoff date. This field can have a maximum of 10 numbers, in the format 99999999.99.		
Last Payment Date	The due date of the last payment received from the borrower, i.e., the date the last payment was applied. This field is eight numbers long, in the format YYYYMMDD.		
Fixed Installment Control (FIC)	Principal and interest (P & I) constant portion of the borrower's regular installment as of the quarterly reporting month cutoff date. This should be reported provided that the loan is current. This field can have a maximum of nine numbers, in the format 9999999.99.		
Remaining Principal Balance	Amount of loan principal balance left to pay after the quarterly reporting month cutoff date. This field may also be called the Unpaid Principal Balance. This field can have a maximum of 10 numbers in the format 99999999.		

Once you have finished entering the information for all of the loans you intend to report for the current quarter and have clicked the **Save** button for all of them, you should click on the **Submit** button in the bottom right corner to go on to the <u>Loan Submission</u> (Figure 5-7) page. This screen will display the submission list of loans to be reported.

5.5 Loan Submission Page

The <u>Loan Submission</u> page shows a list of all the loans edited and saved under a specific issuer number and the Interest Rate, FIC, T&I, RPB, Last Payment Date, and Foreclosure Indicator of all the loans you wish to submit (Figure 5-7). It also contains the totals for FIC, T&I, and RPB for all of the loans you will submit. The default is set for all loans that have been edited and saved for submission in your quarterly report. However, loans can be removed from the list by highlighting the pool and loan number in the correct list box and clicking on the **Remove** button in the center of the page. For example, if you realize you entered information for a loan that has been liquidated or transferred, you may highlight that loan in the table and click on the **Remove** button. Only loans listed in this table will be submitted in your quarterly report. After

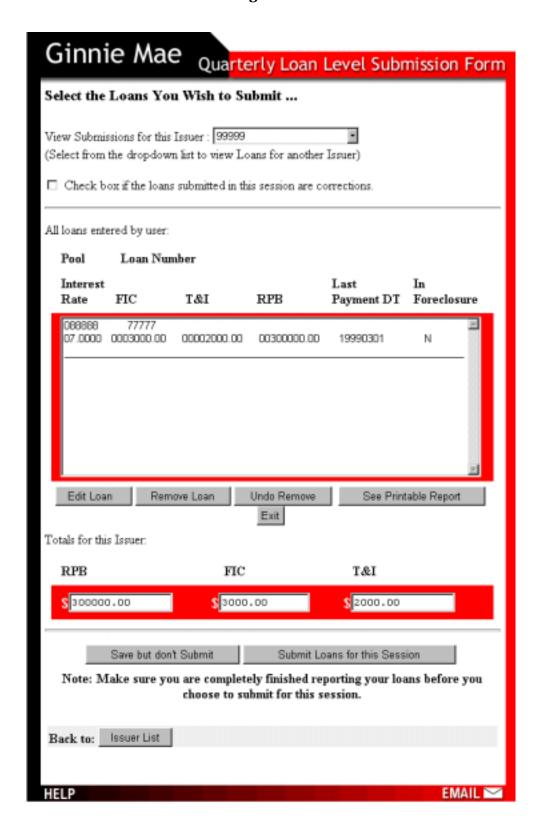
pressing the **Remove Loan** button, you will be asked to verify that you would like to remove the loan. After removal, if you would like to undo the removal, click **Undo Remove** and the table will return to its original format.

If you wish to change some loan information before final submission, highlight the appropriate loan and click the **Edit Loan** button to return to the Loan Submission Form.

If your submission is for a correction to a loan, you must click on the Correction checkbox in the top left corner of the application. If the Correction checkbox is checked, all loans in the submission will be flagged as a correction.

The **See Printable Report** button brings you to a printable version of the information contained on the Loan Submission Page.

Figure 5-7 Loan Submission



If submissions have been made for loans under more than one issuer, make sure to look at the loan submission lists for each issuer number by using the issuer number drop down box (**View Submissions for this Issuer**) on the top of the page (Figure 5-7).

Once you have checked all loans under each issuer number, click on the **Submit Loans for this Session** button at the bottom of the page to submit your quarterly loan report. The Submission Confirmation page will be displayed (Figure 5-8).

To save your selections without submitting your session, click on the **Save but don't Submit** button at the bottom of the page. You will be able to submit your session later. To submit a session that you have previously saved, log-in to the Web-based EDI application. When you log in to the application you are forwarded to the <u>Select an Issuer Number</u> (Figure 5-4) page. From that page you can click on the **Skip to: Submit Session** button to take you to the <u>Loan Submission</u> (Figure 5-7) page. That page will list the loans that you have previously edited but not yet submitted. If you need to make additional changes to the loan information, highlight the appropriate loan and click **Edit Loan**. If the list is correct, click on the **Submit Loans for this Session** button to complete your loan submission.

If you wish to return to the list of issuers, click on the **Issuer List** button.

5.6 Submission Confirmation Page

Once all loan changes have been submitted to the database, you will be presented with a Submission ID. You can use this Submission ID to review the most recent submission at a later date. To finish your reporting session, click on the **Reporting Complete** button. The <u>Welcome</u> page will be displayed.

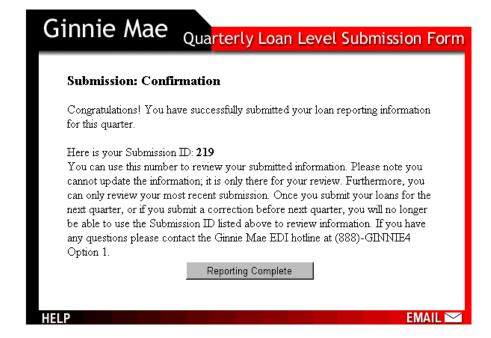


Figure 5-8 Submission Confirmation Page

Once Ginnie Mae has received your submission, you will be sent a confirmation e-mail containing your submission date and the Session ID for the loans you have reported. If you do not receive a confirmation e-mail, please call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 (Option 1).

5.7 Review Last Submission Page

The Review Last Submission Log In Page (Figure 5-9) is where you can review the most recent submission of your Ginnie Mae loan information. To get to this page, click on Review Last Submitted Session from the Welcome screen. Only the most recent submission can be reviewed. To access your last submission, enter your DUNS number, your password, and the Session ID. Session ID is found on the Submission Confirmation Page. (Figure 5-8) If you do not remember the session ID, please call the Ginnie Mae EDI Hotline at 1-888-GINNIE4 (Option 1.) Then click the Log In button. If you make a mistake, click the Clear button to clear all of the fields. If you do not wish to log in, click the Cancel button and you will be returned to the Welcome screen.

Ginnie Mae

Quarterly Loan Level Submission Form

Log-In to Review Your Last Session

DUNS Number:
Password:

Session ID

Log In Clear Cancel

HELP

Figure 5-9 Submission Review Log-In Page

You will be presented with the <u>Submission Review Page</u>. (Figure 5-10) You may select an issuer number using the drop down list box at the top of the page. The page contains the same information as the Loan Selection Page; however, this information cannot be edited. It is for your review only. You have the option of viewing this information in a printable format by pressing the **See Printable Report** button. When you have finished reviewing your most recent submission, click the **Exit** button and the Welcome screen will appear.

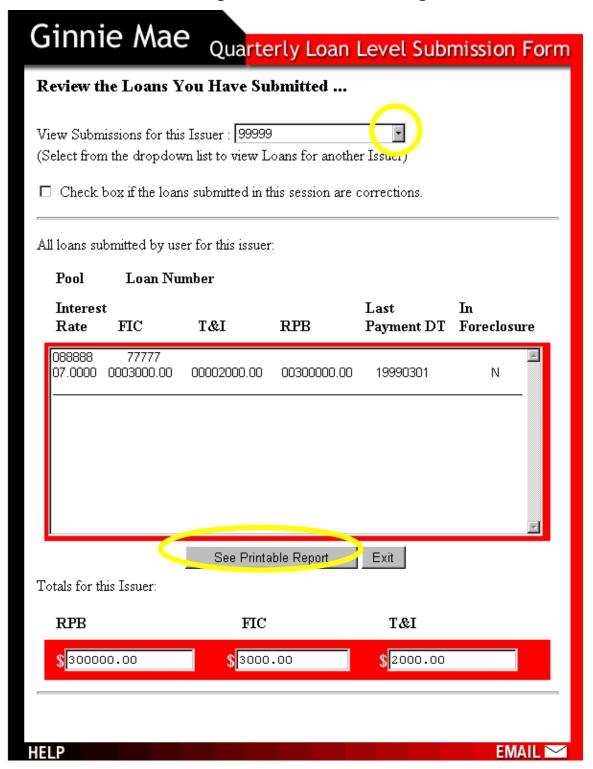


Figure 5-10 Submission Review Page

6. Troubleshooting - Frequently Asked Questions

This section provides guidance on how to troubleshoot some problems or deviations that may occur while submitting loan level data over the Web.

Question		Solution		
•	How do I deactivate a point of contact?	•	On the login screen, there is a checkbox named Click here to change your password and other profile information . If you check it when you log in you can update your point of contact information.	
•	Can an issuer have more than one point of contact?	•	No, there should only be one Point of Contact per Issuer.	
•	Can a point of contact have more than one issuer?	•	Yes, for example one issuer can report loans for another issuer, as well as report for their own loans.	
•	How do I notify Ginnie Mae of a change of email address?	•	On the login screen, there is a checkbox named Click here to change your password and other profile information . If you check it when you log in you can update your email address and other profile information.	
•	How do I delete a loan?	•	In the Web page titled <u>Select a Pool and Loan Number</u> , highlight the loan to be deleted and click on the Remove button.	
•	What is the procedure if a loan is incorrectly entered in a pool?	•	You will have to delete the loan from the improper pool (directions given in the How do I delete a loan box. See above.) and enter the loan in the correct pool.	

- If the system freezes while I am submitting loans, will the whole procedure need to be repeated or just the loan I was working on when the system froze?
- All loans that were saved before the system froze will be saved. If entered correctly, only the loan you were entering when the system froze will not be saved. To verify all the loans that were saved, go to the Pool and Loan Number Selection Page (Figure 5-5) page. Each loan with a "Y" by it means it has been saved. Enter only the loans that were not saved in the page titled Loan Reporting Form. (Figure 5-6) Once all loans have been saved, click on the Submit button. The Select a Loan you wish to submit page will verify all loans that were submitted and give you an opportunity to remove a loan that was accidentally submitted.
- What if I accidentally remove a loan from the Submission page?
- you wish to submit page, highlight the loan in the first loan list and click on the **Add** button.